

An aerial photograph of a residential development during the golden hour of sunset. The houses have dark roofs and light-colored walls, arranged in a planned layout with winding roads and green spaces. Long shadows are cast across the grass. A large white circular graphic is overlaid on the right side of the image, containing the title and subtitle text.

# Everleigh

Residential Design  
Standards and Guidelines  
Precinct 7.1

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# Residential Design Standards and Guidelines

Great design creates a welcoming and attractive streetscape. This not only improves your quality of life but establishes Everleigh as a great place to live and adds value to your home by creating an attractive streetscape.

These standards and guidelines have been prepared to assist Everleigh purchasers (and their builders/designers) to construct well designed, quality homes and to join Mirvac in creating great places for life.

The Everleigh Residential Design Standards and Guidelines (Design Standards & Guidelines) sets out:

- **Standards** which are mandatory compliance elements; and
- **Guidelines** which are non-mandatory elements that provide further information and suggestions to improve design and quality of life.

The Design Standards and Guidelines are technical in nature and it is recommended that you speak to your builder or Everleigh sales team representative who will be able to guide you through this process.

## Street Appeal

These standards and guidelines will assist in making your home part of an attractive streetscape. This is achieved by using the right materials and colours and including some cost effective design elements to the front façade.

## Fencing

Fences which are visible from the street are an important part of the streetscape. So at [project name] we ask that these are of a higher standard and quality but for most lots this is only a short length and the balance of the fencing can be the neighbour type fence

## Landscaping

A great way to make your home unique is through landscaping. We ask that you include landscaping that will grow into an attractive low maintenance front yard that complements the parks and bushland that are a great part of Everleigh. This document provides design standards to ensure that cohesive and attractive landscaping is established.

The Design Standards and Guidelines consists of three parts as follows:



### AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS

#### Design and Siting Standards

Directs customers to the Approved Plan of Development – Envelope Plan and Design Criteria documents which include the **mandatory design standards for siting your home** to the specific characteristics of your lot. These documents are available in Annexure A and B.



### MIRVAC REQUIREMENTS

#### Architectural and Landscape Standards

Provides the **mandatory architectural and landscape design standards** to include in all homes in Everleigh which are essential to making Everleigh a place in which you will be proud to live.



### SUSTAINABLE LIVING

#### Sustainable Living Guidelines

Provides **recommendations** to introduce some easy ways to potentially reduce your future ongoing costs and the impact on the environment.

Alternative design solutions may be presented to the Everleigh Design Committee and will be assessed on individual architectural merit. The Design Committee acting reasonably may approve alternative design solutions where it is considered that they achieve the overall intent and desired outcomes of the Design Standards & Guidelines.

# Building @ Everleigh Portal

**We understand that keeping track of all this information can be a challenge and have established a web portal to assist.**

The **Building @ Everleigh Portal** is a one stop shop for information relating to your lot, including but not limited to the following:

- Residential Design Standards & Guidelines
- Fact Sheets and Manuals
- Approved Plan of Development – Envelope Plan
- Approved Plan of Development – Design Criteria
- Survey Plans
- Disclosure Plans
- Civil Design Drawings
- Services Location Plan
- As Constructed Drawings
- Compaction Reports
- Acoustic Report
- Bushfire Management Plans

The information available in the **Building @ Everleigh Portal** will help you and your builder make informed decisions regarding the design of your home.

The **Building @ Everleigh Portal** is accessible via [buildingateverleigh.mirvac.com](http://buildingateverleigh.mirvac.com) or speak to one of our Everleigh sales representatives.



# The Approval Process

You will need both the Design Approval from the Everleigh Design Committee (Design Committee) and Building Approval from Logan City Council (Council) / building certifier before you can commence construction.

Mirvac has developed a streamlined process based on previous experience to ensure that you can start building your home and garden as soon as possible.

**HOT TIP!**

*The Design Committee often receives an influx of applications at the time of settlement. To avoid any potential delays to starting the build on your lot, we recommend that your builder submits your application as early as possible to give you a head start on the assessment process.*

## YOUR STEPS

**HOT TIP!**

*It may seem daunting but often your builder has plenty of experience with this process.*

### Design

Your builder will work with you to design your home to comply with this document.

STEP  
1

**HOT TIP!**

*Please ensure that your builder attaches all the required documentation listed in the Covenant Application Form as part of the submission.*

### Submission

Your builder submits your house plans, colour schedules, landscape plans and proof of covenant payment (refer to Step 3) to the Design Committee via the [Building @ Everleigh Portal](#).

STEP  
2

**HOT TIP!**

*Be sure to include the proof of bond payment as part of your covenant application to avoid a delay in the assessment and approval process. The bond will be returned after the final inspection (refer Step 9).*

### Covenant Bond Payment

Your fully refundable **Covenant Bond** is required to be deposited to the following account to be held in trust.

**HWL Ebsworth Lawyers Law Practice Trust Account**

BSB: **034-003** Acc Number: **246634**

Description: **"Surname, Everleigh & Lot Number" – Covenant Bond**

Amount: **\$5,000**

STEP  
3

STEP  
4

### Assessment

The Design Committee will assess your submission for compliance with the Design Standards & Guidelines. Approval can be expected within 21 working days provided all documents have been submitted and they comply with the Everleigh Design Standards & Guidelines. In the event of non-compliance, structured feedback will be provided to facilitate approval. If all feedback has been addressed, you should expect approval within 10 working days of resubmitting.

## OUR STEPS

STEP 5  
**Design Approval**

The Design Committee will issue an approval when your submission has been assessed as complying with the Design Standards & Guidelines. Your stamped approved plans will be provided to you and your builder via the **Building @ Everleigh Portal**.

**HOT TIP!**

*Please take care to note any comments on your Everleigh Design Committee stamped approved plans to ensure that all conditions of the Design Committee approval are addressed.*

**Building Approval**

Once the Design Committee approval has been issued, your builder can then make an application to your accredited building certifier/Council for the **Statutory Building Approval**.

STEP 6

**Construction**

Please ensure that your lot is **properly maintained** to be free of excessive weeds, rubbish or garbage prior to and during the construction phase of your home. This will ensure that the land is safe at all times.

STEP 7

**Call for Inspection**

Once your house and landscaping is complete, please touch base with us via the **Building @ Everleigh Portal** to **organise your final inspection**.

STEP 8

STEP 9

**Inspection & Refund**

The covenant bond will then be refunded once **final compliance approval** is issued by the Design Committee and the **return bond form** is completed on the **Building @ Everleigh Portal**.

PART

1

# Design & Siting Standards

## Approved Plan of Development — Envelope Plan and Design Criteria

We recommend that you speak with your builder or Everleigh Sales Team representative who will be able to guide you through the Approved Plan of Development – Envelope Plan and the Approved Plan of Development – Design Criteria (PoD documents) and how these relate to your specific lot

The Approved PoD documents are available in Annexure A and B.

The Design and Siting Standards (Part 1) which includes the approved PoD documents should also be read with the Architectural and Landscape Design Standards (Part 2).

Where compliance with any particular design standard in Part 2 results in non-compliance with Part 1, then the design standard for Part 1 takes precedence. In all other instances, the design standards in Part 2 take precedence.

Provided overleaf is a simple flow chart with instructions on how to navigate the PoD documents should you wish to review and understand these provisions yourself.

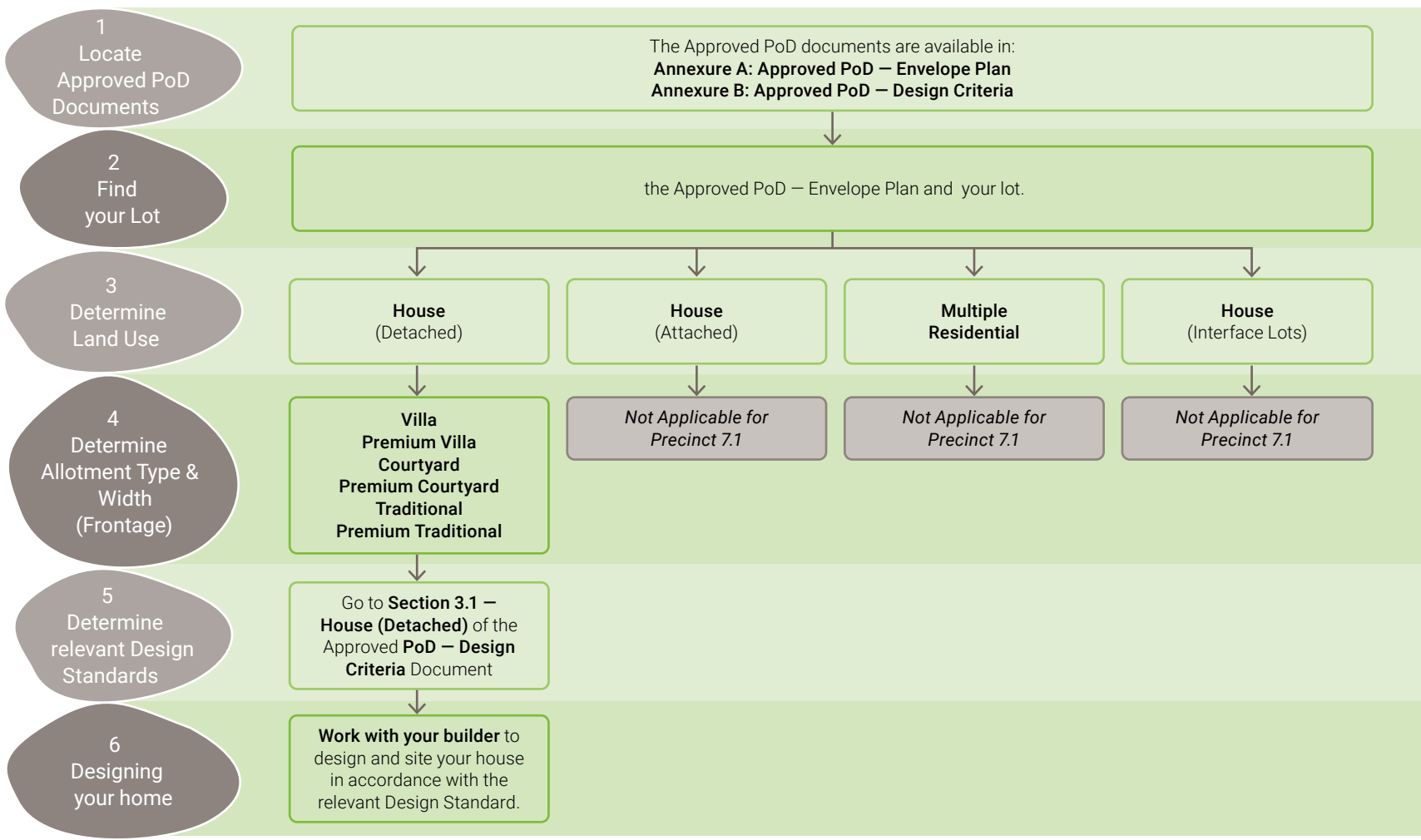




**Site Coverage**

When talking to your builder, make sure they design your home according to the relevant design controls. **The maximum site cover of all buildings and structures with impervious roofs must not exceed the limit indicated in the PoD Design Criteria.**

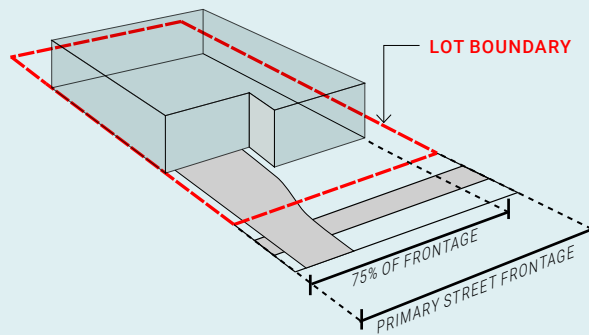
**Figure A** Instructions to navigate the Approved Plan of Development Documents



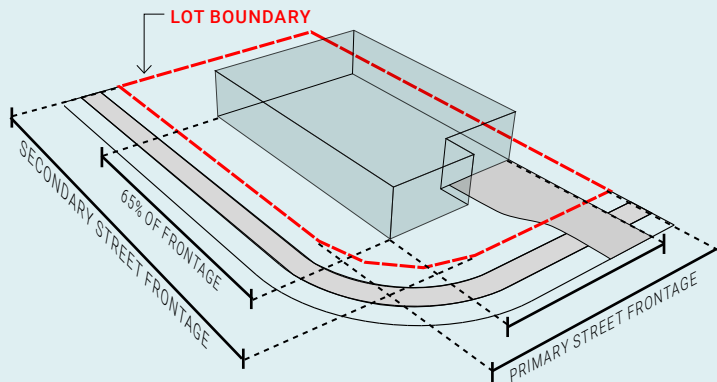
# Architectural and Landscape Design Standards

## 2.1 MINIMUM BUILDING SIZE

- For lots with only one street frontage, the minimum width of your home is 75% of the primary street frontage width, measured to the outside of walls.



- For corner lots, the minimum width and length is 65% of the respective frontage.



- Lots with a frontage of 10 metres or less are required to build a double-story home.

## 2.2 ROOFS

- 40 degrees is the maximum pitch for traditional hip and gable roofs.
- Skillion roofs should be proportional to the main body of the home and roof pitches should generally be between 7.5 – 15 degrees.



- All single storey houses are to have a minimum of 450mm eaves to all publicly visible façades. Additional minimum 3m return eave.
- All double storey houses are to have a minimum of 450mm eaves to all publicly visible façades on ground level, and a minimum of 450mm eaves must be provided to all elevations on the upper storey. Variations on this (e.g. inclusion of a parapet) may be approved on merit if it achieves a positive addition to the façade of your home.
- Roof materials are limited to:
  - Corrugated pre-finished metal sheets (e.g. Colorbond). These are to be of matt finish and non reflective.
  - Low or flat-profile roof tiles.
  - Your roof colour must be of a muted / earthy tone (refer to colour palette below for guidance). Harsh colours such as blue, red and black are not permitted.

2.2.1 Examples of accepted Colorbond colours:



## 2.3 FAÇADE DESIGN

### 2.3.1 Primary Street Façade Design

- The residential character of your home must be of a contemporary architectural aesthetic or design. It should reflect the characteristics of Everleigh, embracing the natural bushlands and open spaces, with sympathetic colour tones and material palette. No federation or colonial design elements should be included in the design.
- The façade must have variation in the elevation with at least one substantial projecting feature element such as a portico, verandah or feature wall.
- Unless approved by the Design Committee, the entry feature should protrude forward from the main building line to promote a sense of entry.
- Any entrance portico must be proportional to the façade of the building and is to be a minimum of 4m<sup>2</sup> (including eave overhangs) and a minimum 1.5m deep.
- At least 1 habitable room must address the primary street frontage.

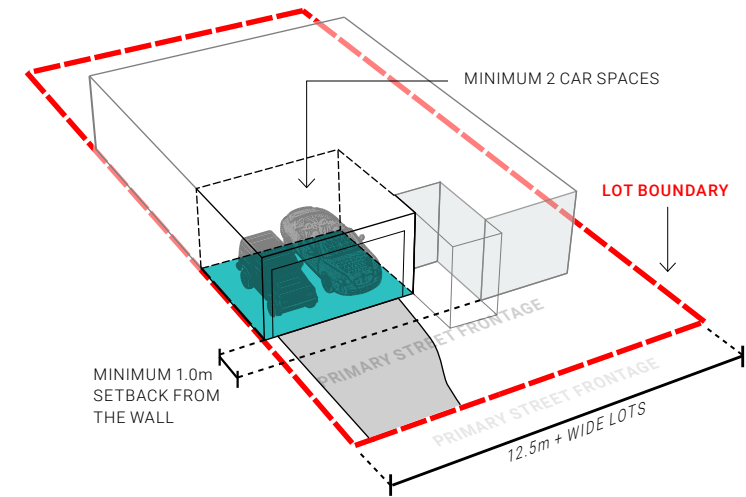
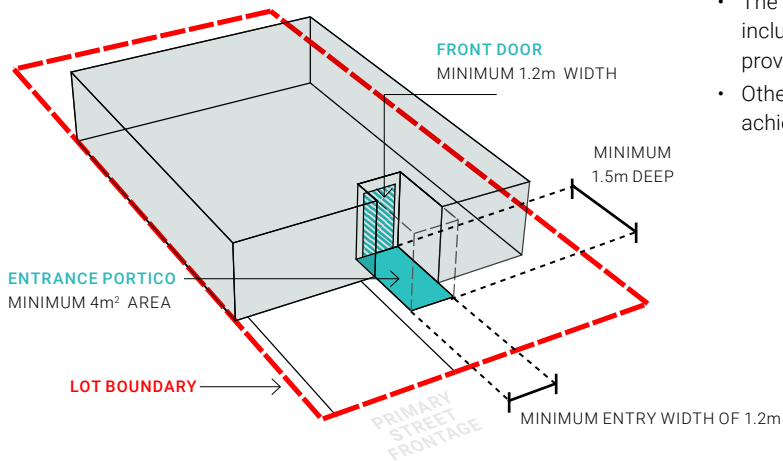
- Your home's façade should include windows that are well integrated into overall facade design.
- The façade design of your home must avoid replicating an identical façade to another home within three (3) lots in either direction on the same side of the street or within three (3) lots on the opposite side of the street.
- In the event that more than one application of the same façade design has been submitted for lots within close proximity, consent will be given to the first complete application received.
- Obscure windows or windows to toilets and bathrooms should not front the primary street, unless aesthetically screened.
- Walls over 9m in length without windows or articulation are not permitted.
- No garden sheds, air conditioning condensers or clothes lines, etc. can be located between the primary street façade and boundary.

### 2.3.2 Front Entry Door

- Your home's front door must be well defined and/or visible from the primary street.
- The entry must have a minimum width of 1200mm.
- The entry door must be nominal 1200mm wide and is to include a glazed element. Solid doors will be considered provided sidelight is included.
- Other combinations may be approved on merit if they achieve a positive addition to the façade of your home.

### 2.3.3 Garages

- Minimum two car (side by side) internal garage must be provided for all lots types.
- Garages must be integrated into the main building and are to be setback 1m behind the front wall of the main building.
- Garage doors must be a single solid colour or a single tone timber-like colour that compliments the scheme of the house.



#### 2.3.3.1 Garage door colours that will not be supported:



For more information, please visit the  
**Building @ Everleigh Portal.**

### 2.3.4 Secondary Street Façade Design

- If your home is on a corner lot, it must be designed to address all streets.
- It must have variation in the secondary street façade with at least one substantial projecting feature element such as a portico, verandah or feature wall.
- Walls over 9m in length without windows or articulation are not permitted.
- At least 1 habitable room should address the secondary street frontage. Highlight windows are discouraged.
- The materials used on the front facade must return to cover the full extent of the secondary street frontage and continue to the rear elevation minimum of 3 metres.
- The use of face brickwork or split block work is permitted only as a limited feature.
- No garden sheds, air conditioning condensers or clothes lines, etc. can be located between the secondary street façade and boundary unless they are screened from view from a Public Area by approved screens or fences.

### 2.3.5 Glazing to Public Areas

- All façades (excluding the garage door) are to include glazing for a minimum 10% of the façade area to provide surveillance, interest and variation. This includes the upper storey.
- Windows visible to the public should be awning windows unless approved otherwise.
- Sliding windows under 1200mm width are not permitted.
- Reflective glass is not permitted.
- Temporary window treatments or vertical blinds are not permitted.

### 2.3.6 Window Furnishing

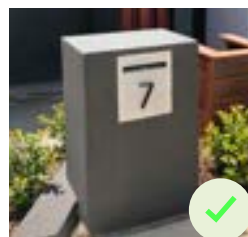
- Window furnishings must be in accordance with the following specifications type:
  - Roller Blinds
  - Venetian Blinds
  - Curtains (note: lace curtains are not permitted)
  - Timber Venetians
  - Timber / Plantation Shutters

- The external face of all window furnishings shall be black, charcoal or white, except timber blinds, which shall be clear finished cedar, black, charcoal or white. Other finishes are subject to the approval of the Design Committee.

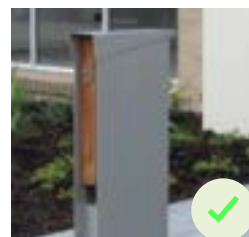
## 2.4 LETTER BOXES

- Letterbox design is to complement and match the dwelling using the same materials and finishes.
- The letterbox must be installed prior to the occupation of the main building.

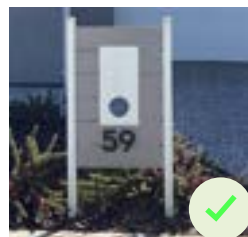
### 2.4.1 Letterboxes that are supported



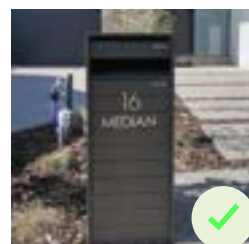
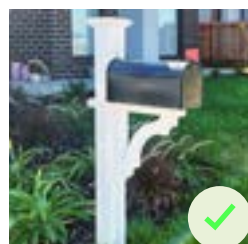
Simple, contemporary form



Numbers clearly displayed



Clear of obstacles



### Letterboxes that will **not** be approved



HOT TIP!

For more information, please visit the **Building @ Everleigh Portal**.



For more information, please visit the  
**Building @ Everleigh Portal.**

## 2.5 EXTERNAL WALL MATERIALS AND COLOURS

- To give a sense of variety and interest, a mix of materials or colours must be used to all walls of your home facing a street or park frontage.
- A minimum of 2 and a maximum of 3 variations of colour and/or materials (excluding windows, doors and garage doors) must be incorporated.
- Colour and/or material change should comprise a minimum 10% of façade wall area. **Include a Façade Material Analysis Table on the Front Elevation**, ensuring that calculations exclude door and window openings when submitting the Design Application.

### 2.5.1 External Wall Materials

- Face brickwork or split-face block work is not permitted on primary street, secondary street or public open space façades except as a limited feature only.
- The choice of face brick should be a muted-toned brick with a smooth finish and not textured. Refer examples in 2.5.3.
- Continuation of materials used on the primary street and/or secondary street facade must return to the side of the home to a minimum length of 3m.
- Finishes to any non-feature masonry on primary street and secondary street façade must be solid render, not 'bag and painting'.
- Double or 1.5 height face brick is not permitted anywhere, unless approved by the Design Committee.
- Feature cladding is permitted however, must be of a matte and/or natural finish with edging to match cladding colour.
- Shiny surfaced finishes and chrome edging will not be approved.
- Glossy marble imitation tiles, or the like, are not permitted.
- Recycled materials are not permitted unless they are used as highlight architectural elements.



Continuation of materials used on the primary street facade returns to the side of the home minimum 3m.



Render not returned minimum 3m from front facade

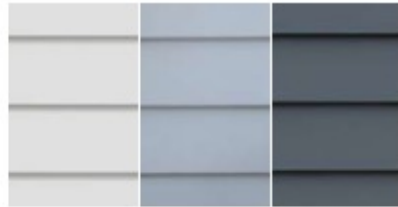
### 2.5.2 External Wall Colours

- The prominent colours of the facade should be light, muted and earthy, with deeper secondary and feature colours to articulate the design elements and help create contrast. The use of outlandish colours is not permitted (this will be subject to the approval of the Design Committee)
- Any proposed facade colours must be generally consistent with the colour palettes within whites, neutrals, greys and browns. Any other colours are subject to the approval of the Design Committee.
- Each application is to be accompanied by an External Colour Schedule clearly nominating the location and extent of colours and materials.

### 2.5.3 External materials should be similar to:



Lightweight Cladding Vertical Panel



Lightweight Cladding Horizontal Panel



Render

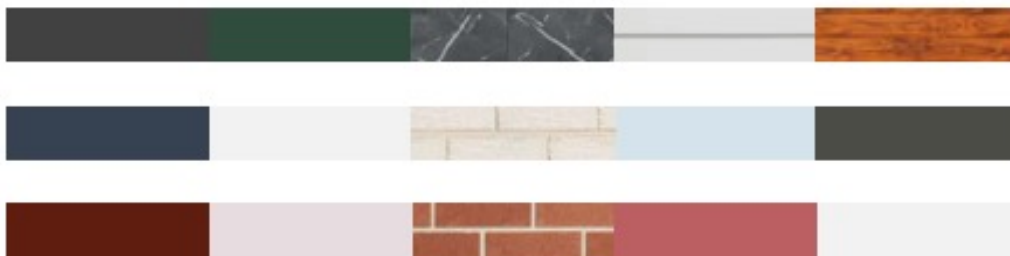


Feature Brick

### 2.5.4 External colour schemes that are supported:



### 2.5.5 External colour schemes that will not be supported:



## 2.6 DRIVEWAYS & ENTRY PATHS

- Acceptable materials for your driveway include coloured through concrete, exposed aggregate concrete and pavers on a concrete base slab. These must compliment the external colour scheme of your home and are to be completed prior to moving into your home.
- The main pedestrian entry path to your home must be from the primary street frontage and must be constructed from a permanent hard surface such as coloured through concrete, exposed aggregate, natural stone or concrete pavers. Pebble or decorative gravel are not permitted as materials for the main entry path to your home but can be used in conjunction with the permanent hard surface, i.e. around pavers or stepping stones.
- Side paths must be constructed from similar materials to the main entry path or decorative gravel on compacted road base. Material selection must reflect and integrate with the surrounding landscape.
- It is important that you ensure your builder complies with Council's approval requirements for your driveway as Council may require you to remove it and reconstruct it if it is not constructed correctly.

## 2.7 PRIVACY AND CROSS VIEWING

Privacy between your home and your neighbours' homes is to be achieved by one or more of the following measures:

- Obscure glazing to all bathrooms and toilets.
- 1.7m high sill levels above floor level.
- External screens.
- 1.8m high dividing fence for ground floor windows.
- Where a direct view from a verandah or deck exists into the Private Open Space of an adjoining home, the outlook must be screened by privacy screens that have openings that make it not more than 25% transparent.

### 2.7.1 Privacy screening should be similar to:



## 2.8 SECURITY AND INSECT SCREENS

- The style of any screen visible from a Public Area must be of a simple profile. Hexagonal, diamond grill or ornate historical styles are not permitted.
- Frames and screens must match the colour of the door or window frames or be dark grey or black in order to reduce their visual impact.
- Security shutters or security blinds over windows are not permitted if visible from a Public Area.

### 2.8.1 Security and insect screens that are supported where visible from a public area



## 2.9 EXTERNAL SERVICES AND WASTE RECYCLING

- Rainwater tanks must be located away from or screened from view from all Public Areas.
- Meter boxes must be painted to match the wall colour.
- TV aerials are to be installed inside the roof cavity or designed and located so that they are not visible from Public Areas.
- Radio masts or satellite dishes are to be designed and located so that they are not visible from Public Areas.
- Storage tanks for solar hot water systems, roof and wall mounted air conditioning units, clothes drying facilities and service yards are not to be visible from Public Areas.
- Garbage bin pads are mandatory and are to be located so that they are not visible from Public Areas.

## 2.10 CONSTRUCTION OBLIGATIONS

- Your building site must be clean and safe at all times.
- Your builder must provide a skip bin or enclosure on site to contain rubbish for the duration of the construction period.
- Bins and site facilities must be clear of all neighbouring properties, roads, footpaths, reserves and all other Public Areas at all times.

## 2.11 DEVELOPER WORKS

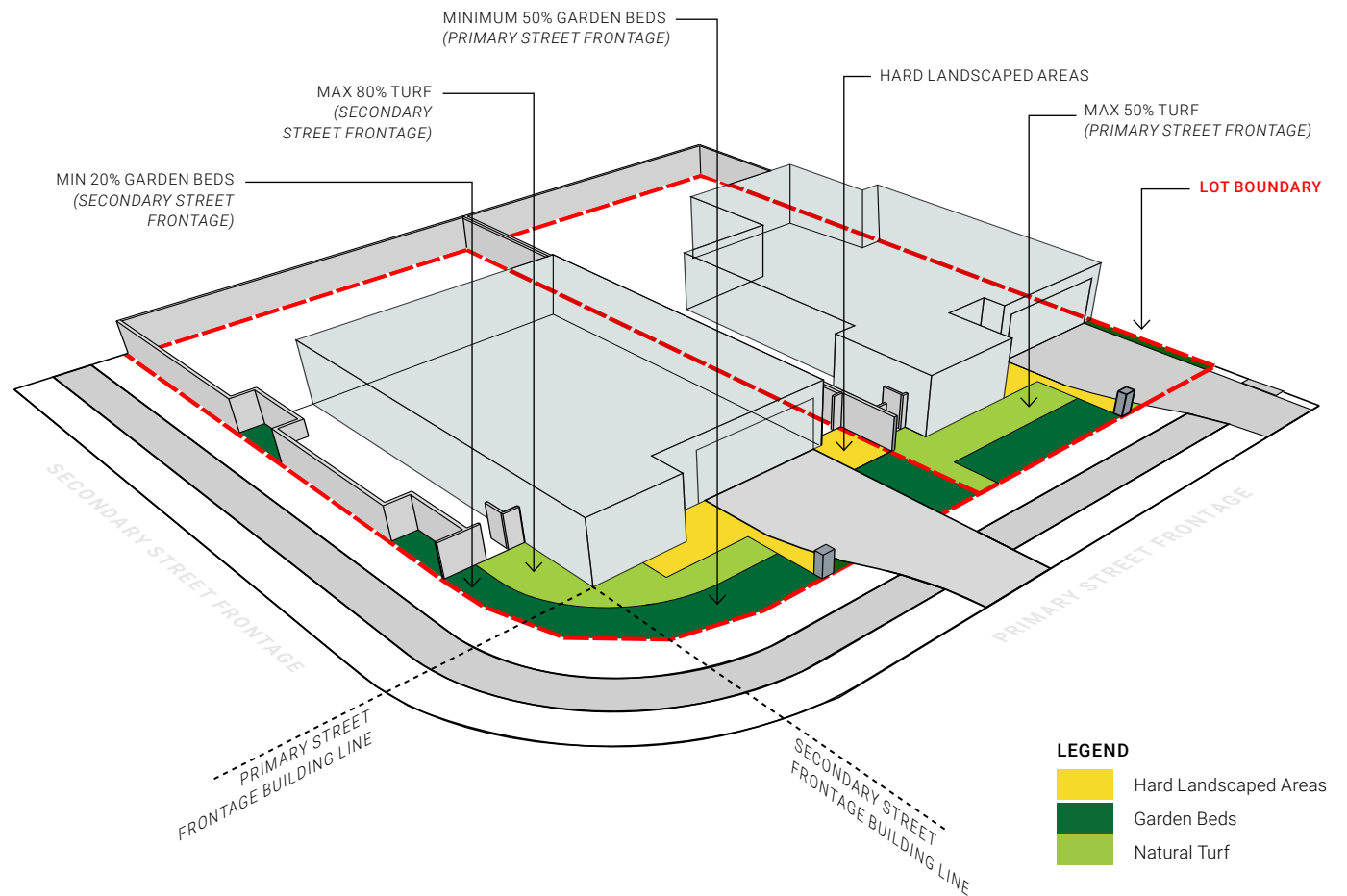
- Where the Developer has constructed a fence, entry statement or retaining wall, it is to be maintained by the owner to the standard to which it was constructed.
- The road and verge in front of your lot including the concrete footpath and services such as water meters, telecommunication boxes, street trees, stormwater drains, manholes, and electrical pillars are assets owned by Council or service authorities. They have been constructed to the required standards and Council and other service authorities have recorded them as correctly constructed prior to your house building commencing.
- These assets cannot be altered, including changing the ground levels, without the correct approval from Council. Mirvac inspects these assets at completion of your home to ensure no damage. Any damage caused during construction of a dwelling to any estate infrastructure (e.g. kerbs, grassed verges, street trees, bollards, etc.) is to be repaired by the owner to the standard to which it was constructed.

**HOT TIP!**

*Make sure that any damage to these assets are repaired before the final inspection. This will avoid a delay in refunding your covenant bond.*

## 2.12 LANDSCAPING

- Your front garden and areas visible on secondary frontages must be completely landscaped in accordance with the guidelines within six (6) months of issue of Certificate of Occupancy for the dwelling.
- The landscaping to areas of your lot visible from Public Areas must be approved by the Design Committee.
- Planted garden beds must be provided to a minimum of 50% of the available soft landscaping area forward of the building line on the primary street frontage and 20% of the available soft landscaping area forward of the building line on the secondary street frontage (if applicable), with high quality turf installed to the remainder of soft landscaping areas.
- Generally, a 50/50 ratio of shrubs to ground covers will establish an appealing look.
- A minimum of two advanced trees (minimum size of 45L stock and 1.8m tall at the time of planting) must be provided to the landscape areas between your house and the verge.
- Gardens are to be edged with concrete, galvanized steel, masonry or rectangular shaped treated timber, but not round timber, logs or plastic edging.
- Garden edges with a height exceeding 200mm are considered to be a retaining wall, therefore must be constructed according to the design requirements of a retaining wall.
- Artificial turf must not be used in the front lot landscaping.
- Any decorative stones, pebbles or mulches used should be in natural colours of grey to brown. Brightly coloured/ dyed wood mulches or pebbles (such as red and white) are not accepted.

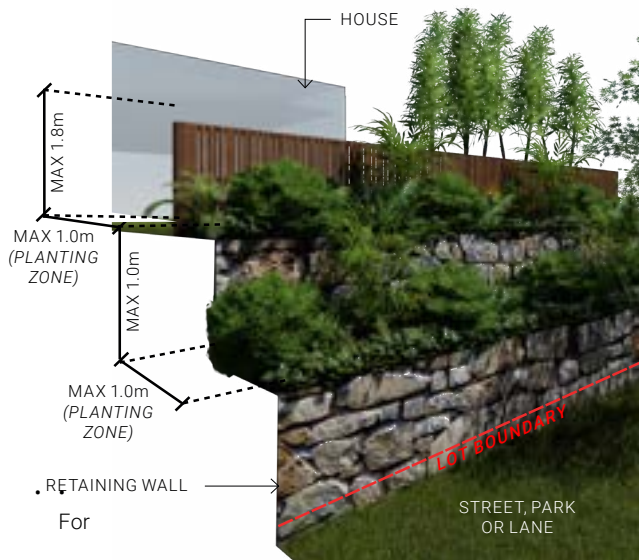


**HOT TIP!**

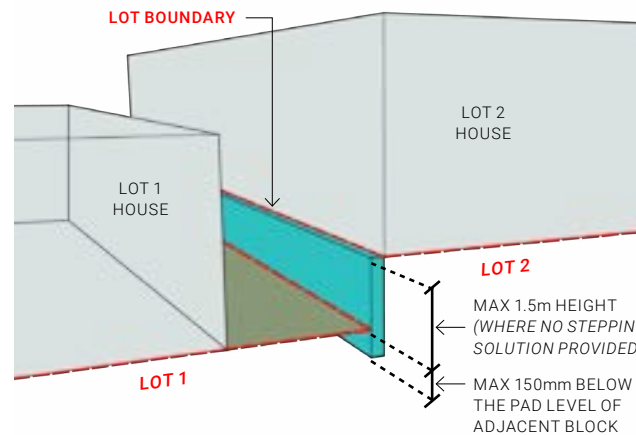
Check the **Building @ Everleigh Portal** team for sub-soil drain locations, or speak to the Everleigh team.

### 2.13 RETAINING WALLS

- A retaining wall is defined as any retaining structure higher than 200mm.
- All retaining walls are to be approved by the Design Committee and must be constructed as part of the construction of your home.
- Retaining walls must be tiered 1m vertical and 1m horizontal where forward of the building line to any street, park or lane and visible from Public Areas and must be constructed to match the developer’s specification or materials such as stone, masonry, steel or quality hardwood timber. The horizontal section is to comprise a planting zone to soften the visual impact of the retaining wall.



sloping lots and where a built to boundary wall is permitted, this wall must be projected to at least 150mm below the likely pad level of the adjacent block. The pad level can be assumed to be the average of the four corners of the adjacent block using the As Built levels. The build down of the built to boundary wall must be in a material consistent with the visible section of the wall immediately above it.



- Retaining wall construction must include a suitable drainage system to deliver sub-surface water below the wall to the local storm water system.
- A retaining wall subsoil drain outlet may be located on your lot. If present, your builder must connect this outlet to the roofwater drainage they install to mitigate the chance of ponding in the backyard.

- Retaining walls may need to be certified by a Registered Professional Engineer. You are required to meet the Local Authorities requirements with regard to this matter.
- Please refer to the Retaining Wall Fact Sheet and WRB Retaining Wall Warranty in Annexure E for further detail.
- Existing retaining walls cannot be altered without the approval of the Design Committee.
- The installation of any new retaining walls that will structurally affect the existing walls, building platforms or batters, and any modification of the lot’s existing batters and retaining walls, is only permitted once you have obtained professional advice from a structural engineer and received all relevant approvals. A copy of such advice and approvals must be provided to the Design Committee.

### 2.14 SHEDS

- Must be located behind the front building line and screened from view from a Public Area.
- Must be painted or stained to suit the colour scheme of the home. Reflective materials are not permitted.
- Must be less than 12m<sup>2</sup>.
- Must be less than 2.1m in height.

**HOT TIP!**

You are responsible for drainage. Ensure your builder and landscaper consider this in their designs as drainage issues can be difficult and expensive to manage after your home and landscaping works are completed.

HOT TIP!

For more information, please visit the **Building @ Everleigh Portal**.

## 2.15 FENCES GENERAL

- All fences to your lot must be approved by the Design Committee.
- Only fence types shown in Annexure C are allowed. No other materials such as bamboo or colorbond are allowed.
- Fences constructed by Mirvac on any lots cannot be removed or altered without written permission from Mirvac. Any damage to these fences must be repaired to the original standard by the land owner(s).
- Fences visible from Public Areas must be maintained on an ongoing basis including re-coating with timber treatment if detailed as part of the fence type.
- All lots are required to have side & back fences.
- Fences are not permitted along road frontages forward of the building line.

### 2.15.1 Fencing facing the Primary Street

- Must be a Feature Fence (refer Annexure C)
- Maximum 1.8m in height.
- Must be located a minimum of 1m behind the adjoining front façade wall

### 2.15.2 Fencing facing the Secondary Street or Pedestrian Links

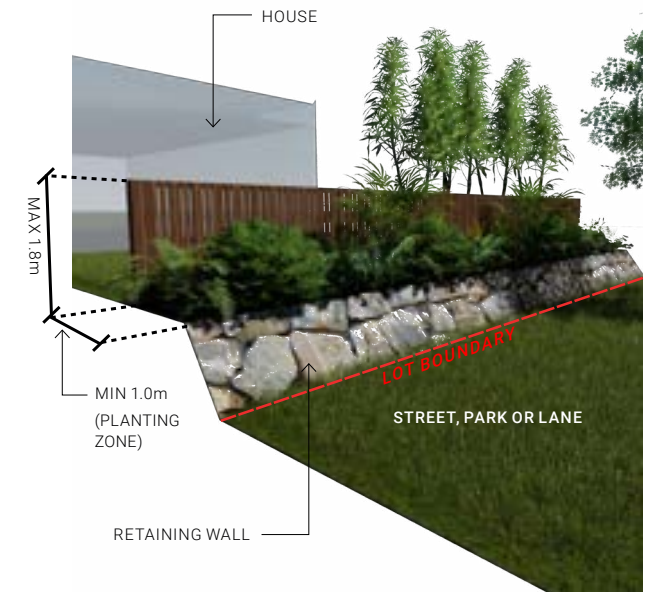
- Must be a Feature Fence (refer Annexure C)
- Maximum 1.8m in height.
- Must not extend past the façade line of the other street frontage.
- Fences more than 10m in length must be articulated further from the boundary, to allow for planting alcoves, by a minimum 0.75m alignment variation over a minimum length of 4m.
- Appropriate landscaping must be included within the planting alcoves.

### 2.15.3 Fencing to Side and Rear Boundaries Not on a Public Open Space Boundary

- Must be a Neighbour Fence Type 1 (except as detailed below).
- Maximum 1.8m in height.
- Must not be visible from Public Areas.
- The portion of the side or rear fence which protrudes forward of the fence facing the primary or secondary street must not extend past the adjoining front façade wall and must be the same type as the primary or secondary street fence.
- Please liaise with Mirvac in regard to neighbouring lot arrangements to ensure no fencing is constructed that will be ultimately demolished.

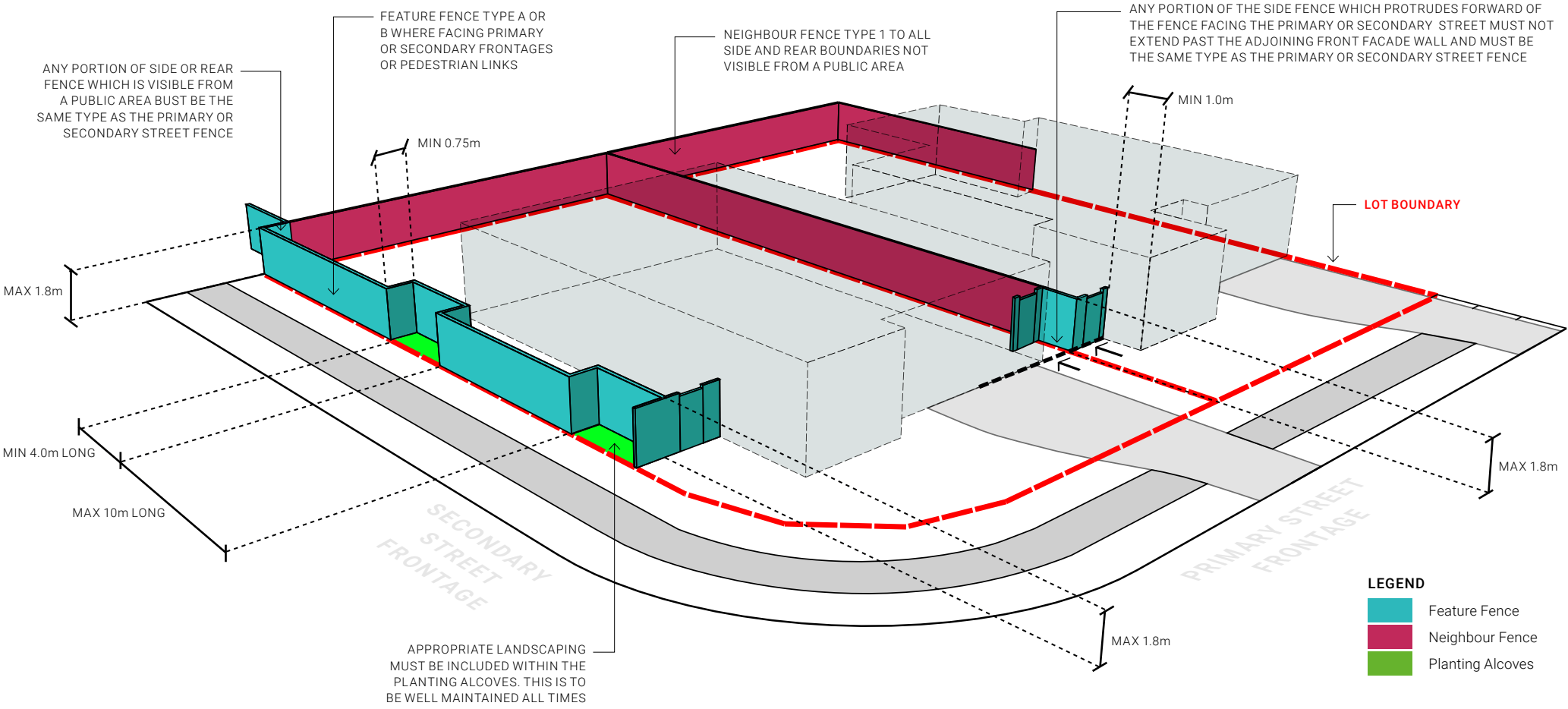
### 2.15.4 Fencing to Public Open Space Boundaries

- Must be a Feature Fence (refer Annexure C)
- Maximum 1.8m in height.
- Where fencing is required to the top of retaining walls on a street or public open space boundary and where the combined height will be greater than 1.8m then the fence must be tiered / setback 1m from the back of the retaining wall to allow for planting in front of the fence to soften the visual impact.





For more information, please visit the **Building @ Everleigh Portal**.



# Sustainable Living Guidelines

Mirvac considers sustainability and innovation to be key components in delivering cohesive communities that are safe, encourage healthy and active lifestyles and result in lower household expenses.

## OBJECTIVES

- To set a new benchmark for high-quality sustainable living, and encourage the incorporation of best practice sustainable initiatives.
- To provide and encourage opportunities for residents to reduce their environmental impact.
- To provide and encourage opportunities for residents to reduce household expenses during operation.

## 3.1 ENERGY CONSUMPTION AND GREENHOUSE GAS-EMISSION REDUCTION

- Mirvac encourages all homes to achieve a 7 Star NatHERS rating. This may be achieved through incorporation of the following elements where necessary –
  - Maximising opportunities for cross ventilation and provide high level operable windows in multi-level homes to allow for heat removal.
  - Shading designed to restrict solar access to the living spaces in summer, whilst allowing beneficial solar access in winter.
  - Increased rating of the wall and ceiling insulation.
  - Treated glazing or double glazing where necessary.
  - Draft sealing (weather seals on external doors etc.) where necessary.
  - Sealed exhaust fans where necessary.
- In addition to achieving a 7 Star rating on the building fabric, Mirvac encourage house designs to include the following energy saving features:
  - Gas boosted solar hot water or electric heat pump hot water systems.
  - Gas or induction cook tops.
  - LED light fittings throughout the home.
  - Exterior lighting fitted with motion sensors.
  - Low energy use appliances (aim for energy ratings greater than 4 star).
  - Energy efficient air conditioning systems (aim for a COP greater than 3).
  - Standby 'Green Switch' or Smart home automation to reduce energy whilst the home is unoccupied.
  - Solar photovoltaic electricity systems with battery storage.

## 3.2 WATER CONSERVATION AND REUSE

- To assist in achieving an overall reduction in household water usage, Mirvac recommends that homes incorporate the following measures:
  - Rainwater tanks for toilet flushing and irrigation.
  - Dishwasher and washing machines with a 4 Star or greater WELS rating.
  - Tapware and toilets with a 4 Star or greater WELS rating.
  - Showers with a 3 Star WELS rating.
- Purchasers are encouraged to consider water efficient landscape design, soil mix, and plant selections, with a target of a minimum of 70% of planted species to be drought tolerant.

### 3.3 MATERIALS AND WASTE

- Maximise the use of standard sizes of materials wherever possible to minimise wastage.
- Mirvac recommends the use of low-impact construction materials
  - For masonry, consider low impact options, such as recycled or carbon neutral bricks.
  - For lightweight construction, consider the use of natural or innovative materials such as timber, structural insulated panels or Hebel for a reduced environmental impact and good thermal performance qualities.
- Internal Finishes
  - Consider the use of flooring, joinery and plasterboard that is environmentally certified by independent certification schemes such as GECA, EcoSpecifier or the Carpet Institute of Australia.
  - Select high quality, durable finishes with long warranty periods.

- To reduce the airborne chemicals within your home consider the following products
  - Engineered wood products, such as kitchen cabinetry and wardrobes, with low or zero formaldehyde, panels with Particleboard base: E1 or better and panels with MDF base: E0 or better. Other engineered wood products (LVL, Glulam, CLT, plywood etc.): better than E0.
  - Paints, adhesives and carpets rated to have low levels of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).
- To reduce waste to landfill during the operation of your home,
  - Install a dual bin in the kitchen joinery to make recycling as easy as disposing of general waste.
  - Adopt a worm farm or composting bin to reduce food waste and provide fertiliser for your gardens.

### 3.4 SMART TECHNOLOGY

- Smart monitoring
  - Consider the use of smart meters to help track your energy consumption and reduce your bills even further.
- Smart home automation
  - Consider the use of smart meters to help track your energy consumption and reduce your bills even further. Systems available include:
    - Smart Security systems.
    - Smart intercom and access controls
    - Smart controls of lighting, blinds, air conditioning and appliances.
    - Audio Visual systems.
- If solar electricity and/or batteries are installed, consider a fully electric house to avoid the need for a natural gas connection.

### 3.5 LANDSCAPING

- The use of permeable surfaces is encouraged to maximise opportunities for natural infiltration and groundwater recharge.
- The use of waterwise plant species, waterwise irrigation and mulching of garden beds is encouraged to reduce water use.
- The planting of trees offering shade for the house and outdoor living areas and contributing to bird habitat is encouraged.
- The use of locally native plant species is encouraged to increase biodiversity.
- Consider the use of herbs, vegetables and fruit trees to create a productive garden.

**HOT TIP!**

*Please refer to Annexure D for the Landscaping Design Guidelines including concepts and example planting palettes to help you achieve a high quality landscape outcome.*



# Definitions

## **As Constructed Site Level**

The existing level of your lot as constructed during the civil works completed by or on behalf of Mirvac.

## **Built to Boundary Walls (Zero Lot Boundary)**

Refer Plan of Development.

## **Covenant Bond**

A Covenant Bond has been incorporated into the land sales contract for all properties within Everleigh. The fully refundable Covenant Bond serves to ensure that well designed, quality homes are brought to life to make this an attractive community to be proud of.

## **Design Committee**

The entity appointed by Mirvac authorised to approve building applications under these Residential Design Standards & Guidelines.

## **Façade**

Elevation of a building visible from a Public Area. The primary façade is the elevation facing the primary street.

## **Living Areas**

The internal part of your home excluding utility areas such as garage, laundry, bathroom, toilet, hallways and storage areas.

## **Local Authority**

Logan City Council or the Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning as applicable.

## **Plan of Development (POD)**

The approved Plan of Development – Envelope Plan and Plan of Development – Design Criteria in Annexure A and B.

## **Primary Street**

The street fronting your lot where the lot has only one street frontage; or for lots with two or more street frontages the street which your home's front door is located.

## **Private Open Space**

External areas of your lot with an area and dimensions as required by the Plan of Development. Private Open Space areas are not to contain any service items such as bin store, air conditioning condensers or rainwater tanks, etc. It may be roofed or un-roofed.

## **Public Area**

Any land vested to, or under the control of the Logan City Council. E.g. roads, verges /nature strips, parks, public access ways, etc.

## **Public Open Space**

Public Area excluding roads and verges/nature strips.

## **Retaining Wall**

A retaining wall is defined as any retaining structure higher than 200mm.

## **Setback**

Refer Plan of Development.

## **Site Coverage**

Site coverage is the percentage of the land parcel covered by your building(s). Refer to the Plan of Development for more information.

## **Secondary Street**

Applies to lots with more than one street frontage and is the street(s) which is not the primary street.

# Annexure A

Approved PoD –  
Envelope Plan



# Everleigh

## ROL 13: RECONFIGURATION OF A LOT PLANS

TEVIOT ROAD, EVERLEIGH

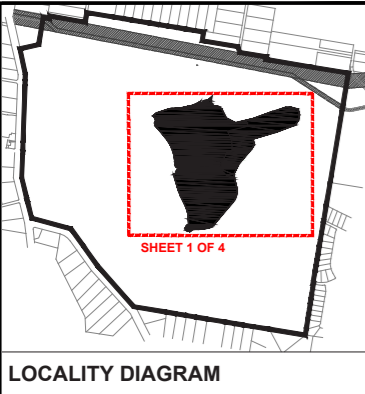
MARCH 2025

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS  
referred to in the PDA  
DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Approval no: DEV2024/1517

Date: 16 May 2025





LOCALITY DIAGRAM

**LEGEND**

**GENERAL**

- ROL 13 Boundary
- Proposed Lot Boundaries
- Proposed Road Carriageways
- Proposed High School
- Future Residential
- Major Linear Park
- Neighbourhood Park
- Pedestrian Link
- Conservation Area
- Drainage Reserve
- Additional Verge for Bushfire Buffer
- Proposed Bus Stop Location

**RESIDENTIAL - STANDARD LOTS**

*HOUSE (ATTACHED)*

- Front Loaded Terrace
- Potential Attached Dwelling (refer to House (Attached) Design Criteria which prevails to the extent of any inconsistency with this plan)

*HOUSE (DETACHED)*

- Villa
- Premium Villa
- Courtyard
- Premium Courtyard
- Traditional
- Premium Traditional

*MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL*

- Potential Duplex Dwelling (22 sites)

**ROL 13 - YIELD SUMMARY**

LOT TYPE	INDICATIVE LOT FRONTAGE	INDICATIVE LOT DEPTH					TOTAL	
		25m Deep	28m Deep	30m Deep	32m Deep	35m Deep	LOTS	%
Front Loaded Terrace	7.5m wide	18	~	5	~	~	23 lots	6.5%
Rear Loaded Terrace	7.5m wide	~	~	~	~	~	0 lots	0%
Villa	10m wide	2	6	31	5	6	50 lots	14.1%
Premium Villa	12.5m wide	4	12	63	11	24	114 lots	32.2%
Courtyard	14m wide	5	19	43	4	14	85 lots	24.0%
Premium Courtyard	16m wide	17	13	34	3	7	74 lots	20.9%
Traditional	18m wide	~	1	4	1	~	6 lots	1.7%
Premium Traditional	20m wide	~	~	1	~	1	2 lots	0.6%
<b>TOTAL RESIDENTIAL LOTS</b>							<b>354 lots</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>DENSITY (NET RESIDENTIAL DENSITY)</b>							<b>18.5 dw/ha</b>	



AMENDED IN RED

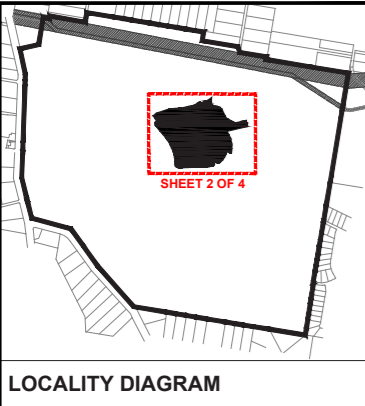
By: Jennifer Sneesby  
Date: 09/05/2025

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Approval no: DEV2024/1517  
Date: 16 May 2025

**NOTE:**

- Balance lots, while not appearing on ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans, will be included on the relevant survey plans as development progresses.
- This ROL plan may be changed via compliance assessment in accordance with the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Design Criteria document.



LOCALITY DIAGRAM

**LEGEND**  
**GENERAL**

- ROL 13 Boundary
- Proposed Lot Boundaries
- Proposed Road Carriageways
- Proposed High School
- Future Residential
- Major Linear Park
- Neighbourhood Park
- Pedestrian Link
- Conservation Area
- Drainage Reserve
- Additional Verge for Bushfire Buffer
- Proposed Bus Stop Location

**RESIDENTIAL - STANDARD LOTS**  
**HOUSE (ATTACHED)**

- Front Loaded Terrace
- Potential Attached Dwelling (refer to House (Attached) Design Criteria which prevails to the extent of any inconsistency with this plan)

**HOUSE (DETACHED)**

- Villa
- Premium Villa
- Courtyard
- Premium Courtyard
- Traditional
- Premium Traditional


**MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL**

- Potential Duplex Dwelling

**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS** referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Approval no: DEV2024/1517


Date: 16 May 2025



**AMENDED IN RED**

By: Jennifer Sneesby

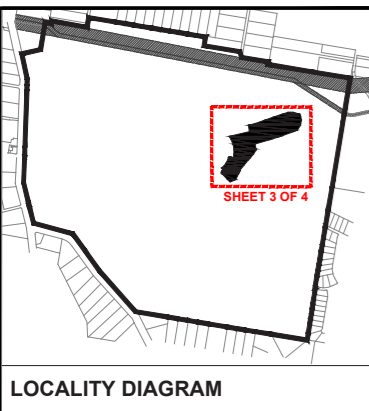
Date: 09/05/2025



**NOTE:**

- Balance lots, while not appearing on ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans, will be included on the relevant survey plans as development progresses.
- This ROL plan may be changed via compliance assessment in accordance with the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Design Criteria document.





LOCALITY DIAGRAM

**LEGEND**

**GENERAL**

- ROL 13 Boundary
- Proposed Lot Boundaries
- Proposed Road Carriageways
- Proposed High School
- Future Residential
- Major Linear Park
- Neighbourhood Park
- Pedestrian Link
- Conservation Area
- Drainage Reserve
- Additional Verge for Bushfire Buffer
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**RESIDENTIAL - STANDARD LOTS**

**HOUSE (ATTACHED)**

- Front Loaded Terrace
- Potential Attached Dwelling (refer to House (Attached) Design Criteria which prevails to the extent of any inconsistency with this plan)

**HOUSE (DETACHED)**

- Villa
- Premium Villa
- Courtyard
- Premium Courtyard
- Traditional
- Premium Traditional

**MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL**

- Potential Duplex Dwelling



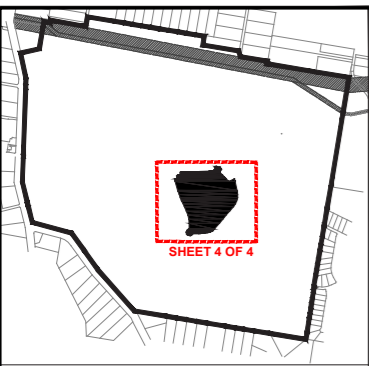
**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS**  
referred to in the PDA  
**DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Approval no: **DEV2024/1517**  
Date: **16 May 2025**



**NOTE:**

- Balance lots, while not appearing on ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans, will be included on the relevant survey plans as development progresses.
- This ROL plan may be changed via compliance assessment in accordance with the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Design Criteria document.



LOCALITY DIAGRAM

**LEGEND**

**GENERAL**

- ROL 13 Boundary
- Proposed Lot Boundaries
- Proposed Road Carriageways
- Proposed High School
- Future Residential
- Major Linear Park
- Neighbourhood Park
- Pedestrian Link
- Conservation Area
- Drainage Reserve
- Additional Verge for Bushfire Buffer
- Proposed Bus Stop Location

**RESIDENTIAL - STANDARD LOTS**

*HOUSE (ATTACHED)*

- Front Loaded Terrace
- Potential Attached Dwelling (refer to House (Attached) Design Criteria which prevails to the extent of any inconsistency with this plan)

*HOUSE (DETACHED)*

- Villa
- Premium Villa
- Courtyard
- Premium Courtyard
- Traditional
- Premium Traditional

*MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL*


- Potential Duplex Dwelling



PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

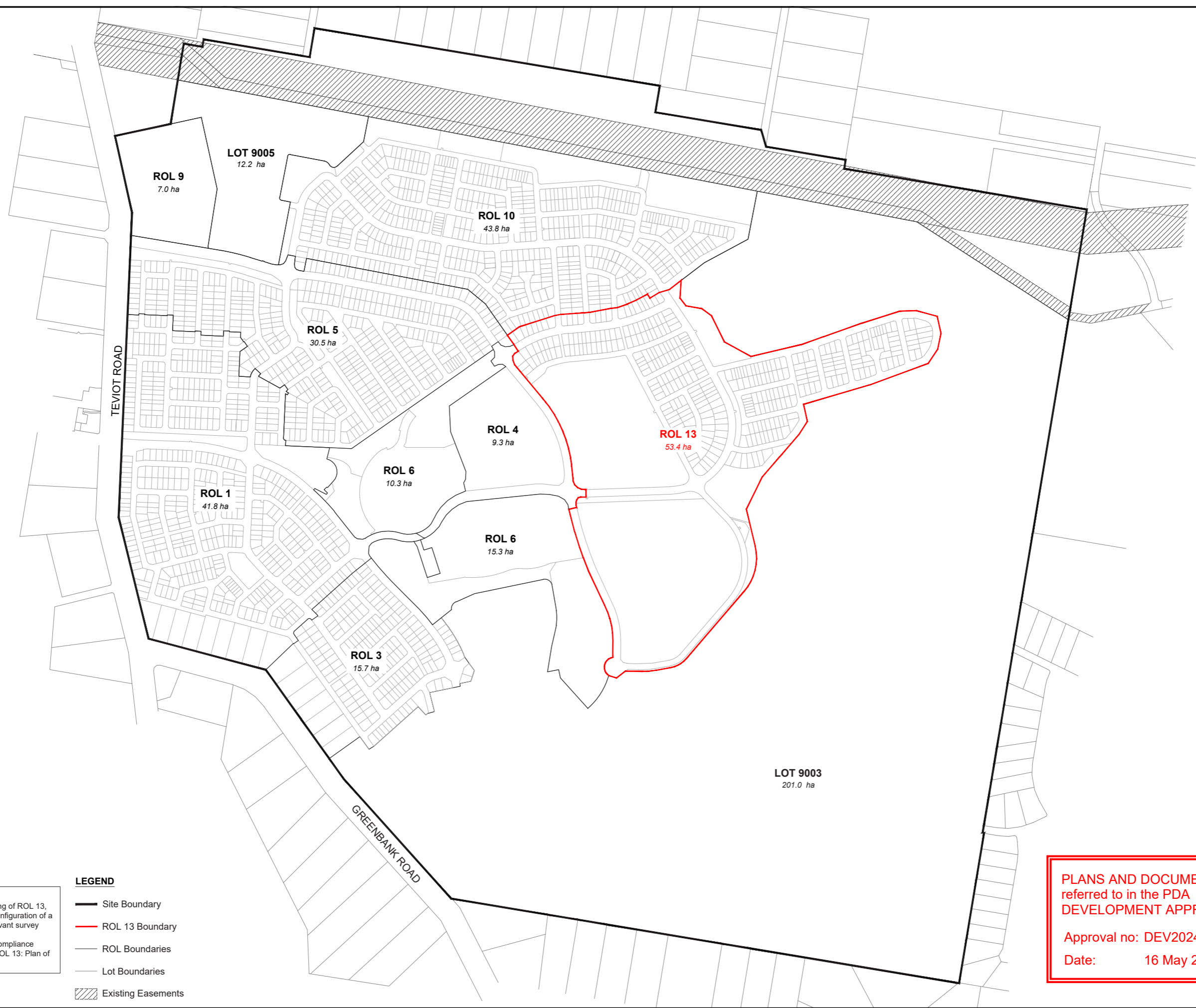
Approval no: DEV2024/1517

Date: 16 May 2025



**NOTE:**

- Balance lots, while not appearing on ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans, will be included on the relevant survey plans as development progresses.
- This ROL plan may be changed via compliance assessment in accordance with the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Design Criteria document.



**NOTE:**

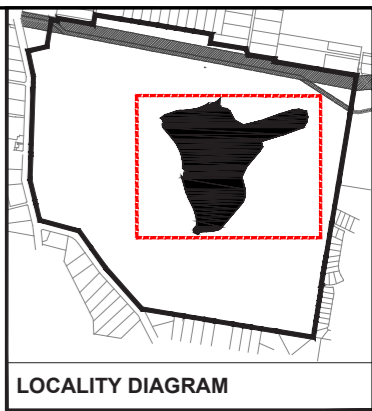
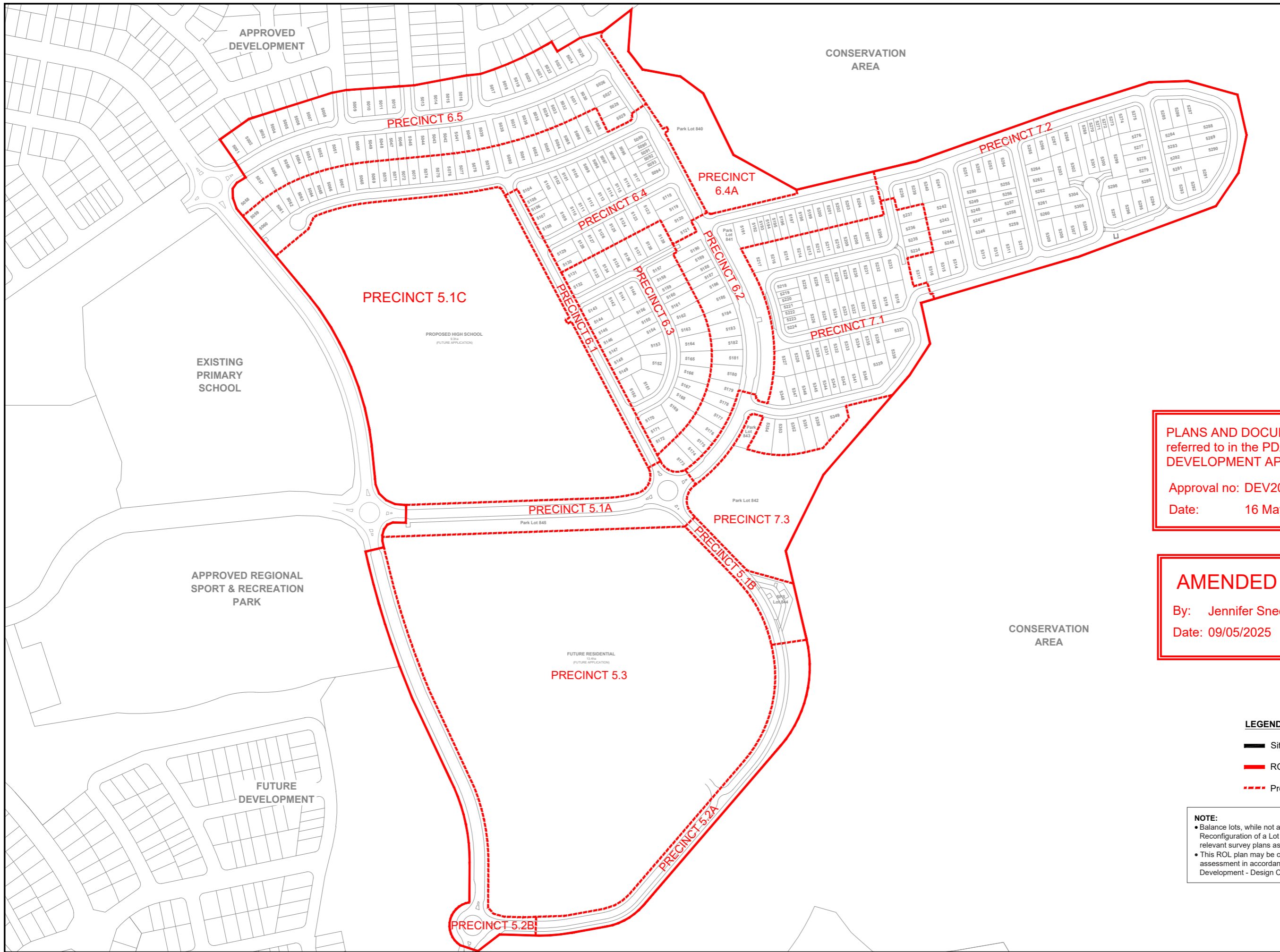
- Balance lots for the progressive staging of ROL 13, while not appearing on ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans, will be included on the relevant survey plans as development progresses.
- This ROL plan may be changed via compliance assessment in accordance with the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Design Criteria.

- LEGEND**
- Site Boundary
  - ROL 13 Boundary
  - ROL Boundaries
  - Lot Boundaries
  - ▨ Existing Easements

**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Approval no: DEV2024/1517  
Date: 16 May 2025





**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS**  
referred to in the PDA  
**DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Approval no: DEV2024/1517  
Date: 16 May 2025



**AMENDED IN RED**

By: Jennifer Sneesby  
Date: 09/05/2025



**LEGEND**

- Site boundary
- ROL 13 boundary
- - - Preliminary Stage Boundaries

**NOTE:**

- Balance lots, while not appearing on ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans, will be included on the relevant survey plans as development progresses.
- This ROL plan may be changed via compliance assessment in accordance with the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Design Criteria document.

# Annexure B

## Approved PoD – Design Criteria



# ROL 13: PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT - DESIGN CRITERIA

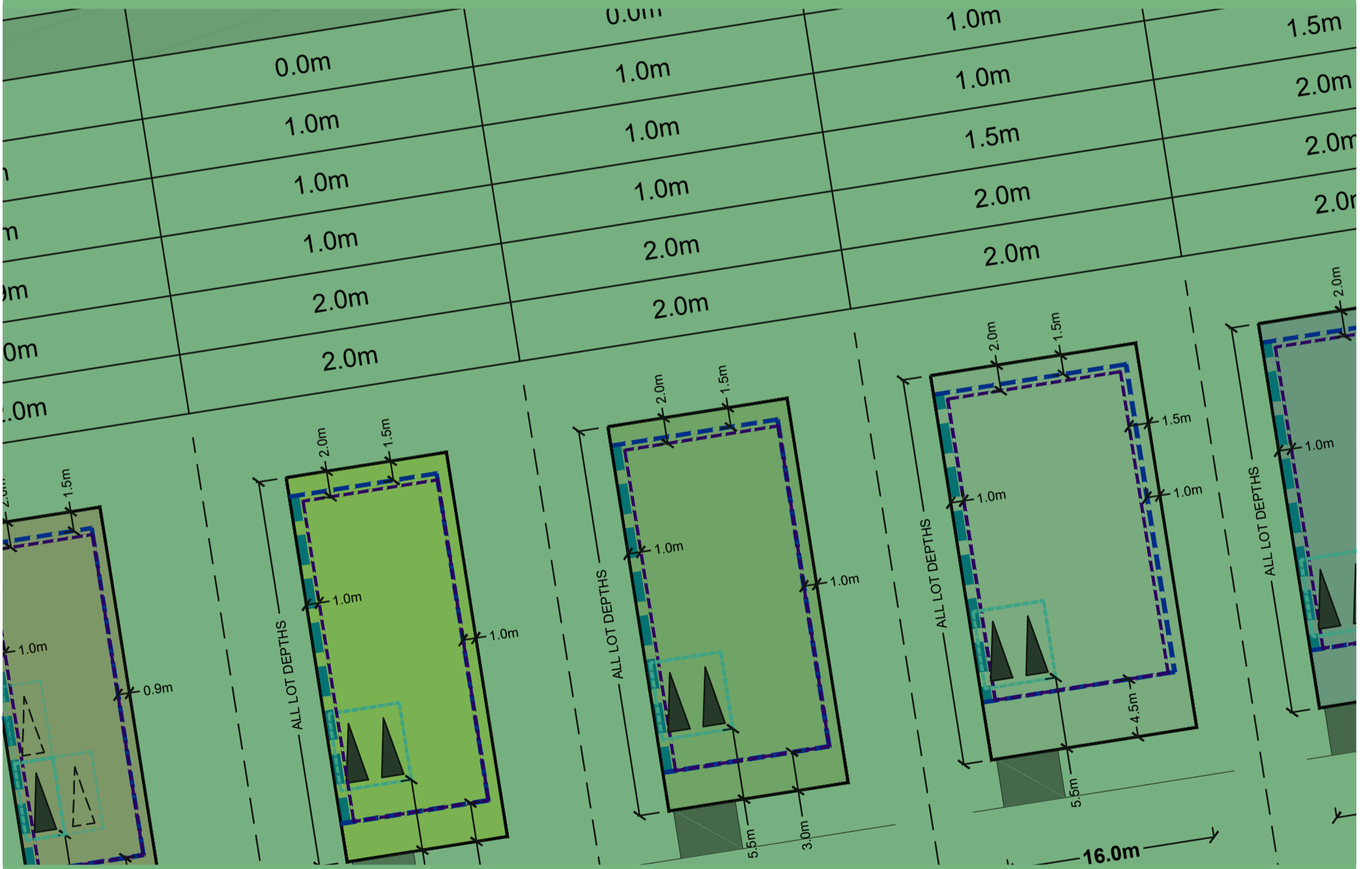
TEVIOT ROAD, EVERLEIGH

DECEMBER 2024

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS  
referred to in the PDA  
DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Approval no: DEV2024/1517

Date: 16 May 2025



# 1.0 APPROVED USES

## 1.1 USES EXEMPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GREATER FLAGSTONE DEVELOPMENT SCHEME WHERE COMPLYING WITH THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT

Uses listed in Table 1 and complying with the relevant Design Criteria (Section 3.0 and Section 4.0) in this Plan of Development and ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans document are approved exempt development.

TABLE 1: USES EXEMPT DEVELOPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GREATER FLAGSTONE DEVELOPMENT SCHEME WHERE COMPLYING WITH THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT

LAND USES	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Display Home</li> <li>House (detached or attached)</li> <li>Park</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Home Based Business</li> <li>Advertising Device</li> <li>Other Residential / Community Residences</li> </ul>

## 1.2 USES SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT

Uses listed in Table 2 and complying with the relevant Design Criteria (Section 3.3, 3.4 and 3.5) in this Plan of Development and ROL 13: Plan of Development Envelope Plans document are approved development subject to Compliance Assessment.

TABLE 2: LAND USES USES SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT & DESIGN CRITERIA

LAND USES
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sales Office (up to 400m<sup>2</sup> GFA)</li> <li>Multiple Residential (Duplex Dwellings)</li> </ul>

## 1.3 DEFINED TERMS

Terms are to have the particular definition from this Plan of Development Design Criteria.

Where terms have not been defined within this Plan of Development: Design Criteria document, terms will have the particular meaning as stated in the Greater Flagstone UDA Development Scheme (October 2011) (Development Scheme), as amended from time to time.

# 2.0 CRITERIA FOR A CHANGE TO APPROVED LAYOUT FOR EVERLEIGH ROL 13

## 2.1 DESIGN STANDARDS FOR A CHANGE TO APPROVED RECONFIGURING A LOT LAYOUT AND PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT ENVELOPE PLANS FOR EVERLEIGH ROL 13

The following plans and documents can be amended by compliance assessment where generally in accordance with the design standards in Table 3, or as otherwise agreed with the nominated assessing authority.

- ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans (Envelope Plans)
- ROL 13: Reconfiguration of a Lot Plans (RoL Plans)

Figure 1 below identifies those fixed elements of the Envelope Plans and RoL Plans that cannot be adversely impacted or changed.

FIGURE 1: FIXED ELEMENTS - ROL 13

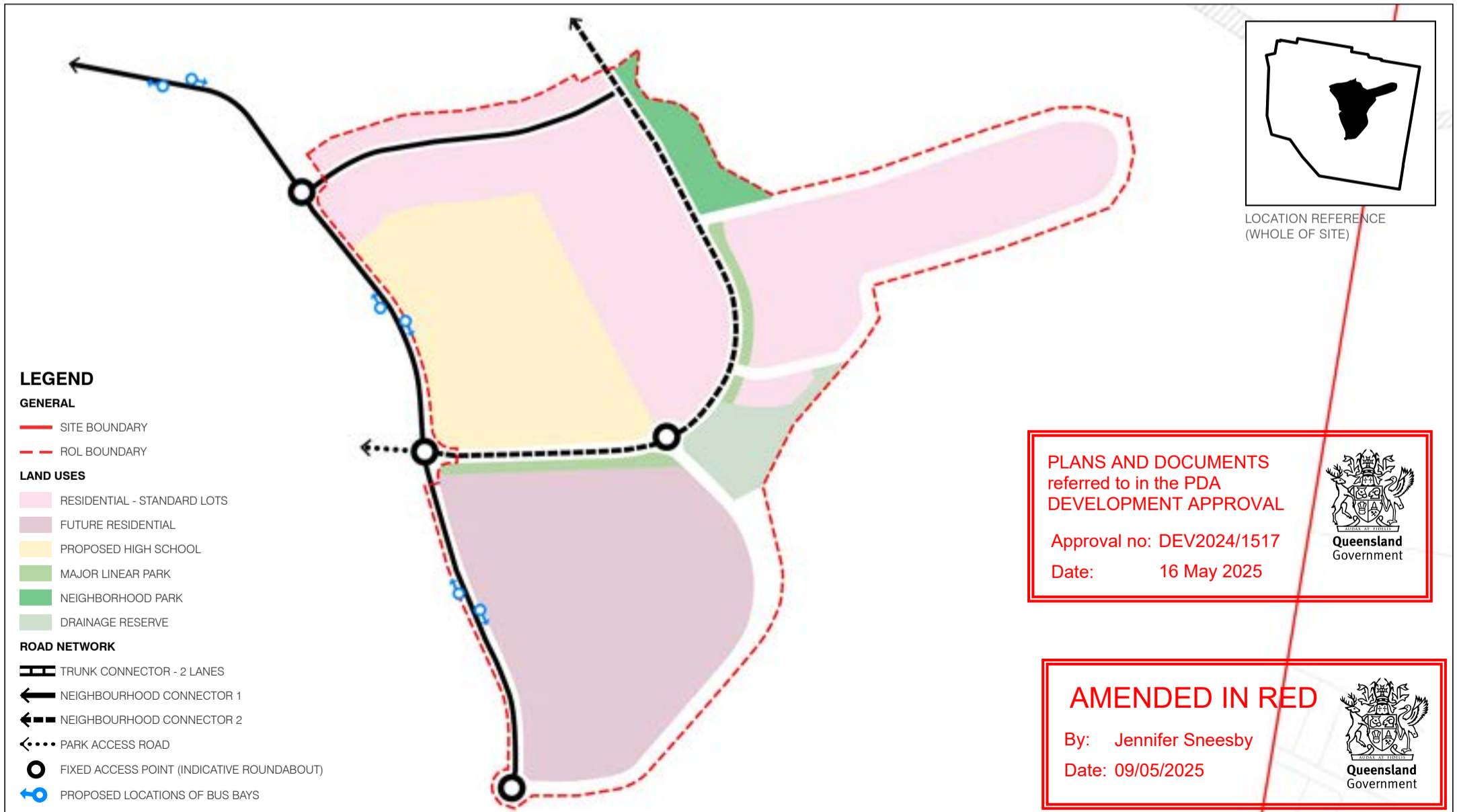


TABLE 3: DESIGN STANDARDS

GENERAL	DESIGN STANDARDS
Development Yield	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The total development yield is 354 dwellings ( +/- 10%) where not in conflict with the other requirements of Table 3: Design Standards.</li> </ul>
Lot Design	<p><b>Size &amp; Density</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>no minimum lot size</li> <li>For Residential - Standard Lots, development achieves a minimum net residential density of 15 dwellings per hectare for ROL 13</li> </ul> <p><b>Shape</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Width and depth consistent with typical lot dimensions - refer Section 3.0.</li> </ul> <p><b>Slope</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Unless constructed in an integrated or attached development, the finished slope on a lot less than 450m<sup>2</sup> in area does not exceed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 10% side slope</li> <li>- 5% lengthwise slope</li> <li>- Less, if both figures approach the maximum together.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Platform construction required when finished slope on lot is 16% or greater</li> </ul>
Block Size	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Length 100-200 metres</li> <li>Mid-block break providing a pedestrian link when blocks are over 130 metres</li> <li>Depth 40-80 metres</li> </ul>
Lot Layout	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No more than eight narrow (less than 10.0 metres) frontage lots in a row.</li> <li>No more than six lots with a width of 7.5 metres to 5.0 metres in a row unless serviced by a rear lane.</li> </ul>
Access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>90% of dwellings must be within 400m of a Neighbourhood Recreation Park or other park providing equivalent informal recreation opportunities.</li> <li>90% of Residential - Standard Lots are within 400 metres of an existing or planned public transport stop.</li> </ul>
Street Network	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Grid pattern or modified grid responsive to site characteristics.</li> <li>Where slope allows, orientation within 15 degrees of north-south or east-west.</li> <li>To minimise cut &amp; fill, streets follow ridges, gullies, and/or are perpendicular to slope.</li> <li>Minimise cul-de-sacs where possible. Where proposed, cul-de-sac length is desirably no greater than 10 lots.</li> </ul>
Typical Road Typologies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Roads are designed generally in accordance with the approved Context Plan.</li> <li>Street network includes (where relevant): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A trunk connector providing access to neighbourhood connector streets;</li> <li>Neighbourhood connector streets providing direct access to properties and connections to neighbourhood destinations;</li> <li>Neighbourhood access streets provide direct access to properties and neighbourhood lanes; and</li> <li>Neighbourhood lanes – provide direct property access either at the front or rear of lots.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
On-Street Car parking	On-street car parking to be provided at a minimum rate of 0.5 spaces per residential lot.
Total Park Area Required	Minimum 1.9 ha

Note: Parks to be provided generally in accordance with the requirements of the Open Space Master Plan Rates of Provision & Accessibility

### REFERENCE MATERIAL

PDA Guidelines and Practice Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Guideline 1 - Residential 30 (May 2015)</li> <li>Guideline 5 - Neighbourhood Planning and Design (May 2015)</li> <li>Guideline 6 - Street and Movement Network (April 2012)</li> <li>Guideline 7 - Low Rise Buildings (May 2015)</li> <li>Guideline 12 - Park Planning and Design (May 2015)</li> <li>Guideline 13 - Engineering Standards (May 2015)</li> <li>Guideline 18 - Development Interfaces (May 2015)</li> </ul>
-----------------------------------	---

# 3.0 DESIGN CRITERIA

## 3.1 HOUSE (DETACHED)

The following criteria apply to a House (Detached) proposals.

### Planning Context

- In accordance with the provisions of the Greater Flagstone Urban Development Area Development Scheme (October 2011) (Development Scheme), building work and operational work are exempt development where in accordance with, or associated with, this Plan of Development (PoD).
- All relevant provisions of this PoD must be satisfied prior to the issuance of a Building Approval.
- The provisions of the Development Scheme will apply where development does not comply with all provisions of the Plan of Development.
- The Development Scheme definitions prevail over all other planning instruments to the extent of any inconsistency.

### General

- All development is to be undertaken in accordance with the Development Approval.
- Nominated building location envelopes may be constrained by future easements and/or services.
- Where allotments are so marked on ROL13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans, residential buildings must be designed and constructed to comply with AS3671-1989 Acoustics - Road Traffic Noise Intrusion - Building, Siting and Construction (floor-plan specific acoustic design) or as per acceptable forms of construction from QDC MP4.4 - Buildings in a Transport Noise Corridor. Refer to the approved Noise Impact Assessment for further information.

### Setbacks

- Setbacks are as per Table 4: Plan of Development Table - House (Detached) (Table 4), unless specified otherwise on this sheet.
- The permitted location of built to boundary walls are indicated on the ROL13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans.
- Built to boundary walls are not mandatory. Where built to boundary walls are not adopted, side setbacks shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Non-Built to Boundary Setbacks nominated in Table 4.
- All boundary setbacks are measured to the wall of the structure.
- The dwelling and associated projections (gutters etc.) must be located wholly within the subject lot, unless encroachment rights are secured by way of easement (or other suitable mechanism).
- Other than built to boundary walls, the outside face of the fascia, or the roof structure where there is no fascia, or attached sunhoods or the like (not including retractable blinds, fixed screens, rainwater fittings, or ornamental attachments) is permitted to extend 600mm within the prescribed setback, however cannot encroach closer than 450mm from the boundary.
- The length of the built to boundary wall is not to exceed 50% of the lot depth, or 15.0m, whichever is the greatest.
- For corner lots (excluding a corner intersecting with a laneway), no building or structure over 2m high is built within a 6m x 6m truncation at the corner of two road frontages (refer Table 4).
- The primary street frontage elevation is to be articulated to reduce the mass of the building by one or more of the following:
  - Windows recessed into the façade
  - Balconies, porches or verandahs
  - Window hoods
  - Shadow lines created on the building through minor changes in the façade (100mm minimum).
- Entrance porticoes may be located closer to the property boundary than stated in Table 4, provided that the portico:
  - Is located no less than 1.4m from the front property boundary,
  - Does not exceed maximum height of 4.5m,
  - Does not exceed a width of 3.0m; and
  - The portico remains open and not enclosed.

### Building Height

- The maximum building height is 9.0m.
- Buildings must have no more than 2 storeys.

### Site Cover

- The maximum Site Cover of all buildings and structures roofed with impervious materials, does not exceed the maximum site cover indicated in Tables 4 and 5.

### Private Open Space and Amenity

- Each house / dwelling unit has a clearly defined outdoor living space which:
  - Has an area of at least:
    - 12m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 2.4m for a 3 or more bedroom house / dwelling unit;
    - 9m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 2.4m for a 2 bedroom house / dwelling unit; or
    - 5m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 1.2m for a 1 room or 1 bedroom house / dwelling unit.
  - Is accessible from a living area; and
  - Has a ground slope of not more than 1 in 10;
  - Provides visual privacy from outdoor living spaces on adjacent lots.

### Eaves and Roof Pitch

- Eaves, or other architectural features which add visual interest to wall/roof junctions (such as parapets), are required to all walls excluding those built to the boundary.
- The maximum roof pitch is 40 degrees.

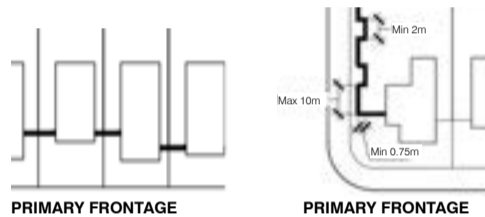
### Parking and Driveways

- A minimum of two on-site car parking spaces must be provided for each dwelling, one of which must be within a garage.
  - Garages
    - A single storey dwelling on a lot with a primary frontage equal to or greater than 10m and less than 12.5m must adhere to the following criteria:
      - The front facing building wall, which comprises the garage door, to not exceed an external width of 5.7m
      - The garage door:
        - Width does not exceed 4.8m; and
        - Has a minimum 450mm eave above it; and
        - Setback a minimum of 240mm behind the pillar of the garage door; and
        - Has a sectional, tilt or roller door.
      - The front façade of the dwelling is to be forward of the alignment of the garage wall, and include the following:
        - A front entrance door with glass inserts and / or windows or with a sidelight where the front door is solid. If the front facade includes a habitable room with window, a sidelight is not required; or
        - A front verandah, portico or porch located over the front entrance, which extends a minimum of 1600mm forward of the entrance door. The verandah, portico or porch is to include front piers with distinct materials and/or colours.
    - A double storey dwelling on a lot with a primary frontage equal to or greater than 10m and less than 12.5m must adhere to the following criteria:
      - The front facing building wall, which comprises the garage door, to not exceed an external width of 5.7m
      - The garage door:
        - Width does not exceed 4.8m; and
        - Setback a minimum of 240mm behind the pillar of the garage door; and
        - Has a sectional, tilt or roller door.
      - The front entrance door is to be visible and identifiable from the street.
    - A dwelling on a lot with a primary frontage of 12.5m or greater must adhere to the following criteria:
      - Must have a garage door not exceeding 40% of the lot frontage
      - Double garages are to be setback 1.0m behind the main face of the dwelling at the ground floor.
- For a dwelling on a lot with a primary frontage less than 10.0m the garage door width must not exceed 3.0m.
- The maximum width of a driveway at the lot boundary shall be:
  - 4.8m for a dwelling with a double garage with a lot frontage of 12.5m or greater;
  - 3.5m for a dwelling with a double garage with a lot frontage equal to or greater than 10m and less than 12.5m; or
  - 3.0m for a dwelling with single or tandem garage on any lot frontage.
- Garages are to be located as nominated on the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans, or in an alternate location subject to confirmation that there is no conflict with proposed/ existing services.

- A maximum of one driveway per dwelling is permitted unless it is a corner lot where a maximum of two driveways are permitted (1 per frontage).
- The driveway finish must not be plain concrete.
- Driveways are to be:
  - a minimum distance of 6m from an intersection of one street with another street; and
  - designed and constructed in accordance with approval / permit requirements of Logan City Council.
- Carports are only permitted where:
  - Located behind the façade of the dwelling which faces the primary street frontage; and
  - For corner lots, set back a minimum of 3.0m from the secondary street frontage.
- Retaining Walls
  - Other than walls erected by the developer, retaining walls:
    - must be tiered 1m vertical and 1m horizontal where forward of the building line to any street, park or lane and visible from the public realm; and
    - cannot exceed 1.5m in height without stepping elements incorporated.
  - For sloping lots:
    - Where a built to boundary wall is permitted, this wall must be projected to at least 150mm below the likely pad level of the adjacent block. The pad level can be assumed to be the average of the four corners of the adjacent block using the As Built levels. The build down of the built to boundary wall must be in a material consistent with the visible section of the wall immediately above it.
- Where on a lot with a rear retaining wall exceeding 2.0m above ground level (or where identified on the Plan of Development - Envelope Plans), the Rear Setback is as per Table 4.
- All retaining walls over 1.0m in height must be certified by an RPEQ.

### Fencing

- Primary frontage requirements:
  - The maximum fence height is 1.8m;
  - Fences are not permitted along road frontages forward of the building; and
  - Side boundary fences are to be recessed at least 1m behind the wall addressing the primary road frontage (as seen below).
- Secondary frontage requirements:
  - Fences to Secondary Frontages (Side) of Corner Lots may extend beyond the face of the secondary facade only on the basis the fencing visible from the public area is:
    - A maximum fence height of 1.8m;
    - Solid up to a height of 1.2m with any fencing above 1.2m in height being at least 50% transparent or the fence can be at least 25% transparent overall where the transparency is consistent across the full area of the fence (ie. transparent sections cannot be located solely at ground level); and
    - Does not extend for lengths greater than 10m without a landscaped recess 2m in length and 0.75m deep (as seen above).
- Pedestrian link requirements:
  - Fences to pedestrian links: **and park interface**
    - A maximum fence height of 1.8m; and
    - Solid up to a height of 1.2m with any fencing above 1.2m in height being at least 50% transparent or the fence can be at least 25% transparent overall where the transparency is consistent across the full area of the fence (i.e. transparent sections cannot be located solely at ground level).



### Structures and Services

- All ancillary structures (e.g. garden sheds, gazebos, pools) and services are to be suitably located or screened to minimise detrimental visual impact from public spaces or neighbouring residential allotments, with the exception of solar panels and solar hot water systems which may be located where most efficient.
- Screened drying areas are to be located behind the main face of the dwellings.
- Rubbish bin areas are to be located behind the main face of the dwellings or stored so as to not be visible from the public realm.
- Secondary Dwelling
  - A secondary dwelling is only permitted where:
    - The lot is 400m<sup>2</sup> or more;
    - The lot frontage is 12.5m or more; and
    - It complies with the applicable self assessable provisions in Schedule 3 of the Development Scheme where not inconsistent with the provisions of this PoD.
  - There is to be no more than one secondary dwelling on a lot.
  - Floor area is maximum 45m<sup>2</sup> GFA (note: GFA excludes the garage and a 4m<sup>2</sup> size covered entry porch area only)
  - Design and siting of buildings and structures to be in accordance with this Plan of Development. Where not on a corner lot, the dwelling/secondary dwelling must have the design effect of one (1) single residential dwelling from the road/street frontage or within public view.
  - Materials, detailing colours and roof form are consistent with those of the primary house.
  - Outdoor living space is a minimum 9m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 3m and directly accessible from a main living area.
  - Car Parking and Garaging is minimum one space in addition to the primary dwelling requirement - with minimum dimensions of 5m x 3m.
  - Shared minimum driveway with the primary house.
  - If the lot is on a corner the dedicated pedestrian entry and door are visible from and addressing the secondary street.
  - Street Surveillance - on a single street frontage the secondary dwelling entry must be hidden from view from the street so as to give the effect that the home is one (1) single residential dwelling.
  - Any Secondary Dwelling is not permitted it's own letterbox and must be shared with the primary dwelling.
  - Any Secondary Dwelling is unable to be separately titled to the primary dwelling.
  - No separate infrastructure servicing to the secondary dwelling is permitted (ie. water, gas, electricity).

### Filling and Excavation

- Filling or excavation of a lot is to be a maximum of 50m<sup>3</sup> in volume or top dressing of less than 100 vertical millimetres from ground level (ground level definition as per Greater Flagstone Development Scheme)

### Bushfire Hazard

- Residential lots 5352, 5353 and 5354 identified within the approved Bushfire Management Plan, prepared by LEC (24 May 2024), as being within the Asset Protection Zone, must be designed and managed in accordance with Sections 6.1 of the bushfire management plan and have landscaping which complies with Section 6.2.

### Acoustic Requirements

- All lots identified in the approved Traffic Noise Impact Assessment, prepared by ATP Consulting Engineers (23 April 2024), as being subject to traffic noise impact must be designed in accordance with AS2107-2016and setback in accordance with the Traffic Noise Impact Assessment.

TABLE 4: PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT TABLE - HOUSE (DETACHED)

INDICATIVE ALLOTMENT TYPE		VILLA	PREMIUM VILLA	COURTYARD	PREMIUM COURTYARD	TRADITIONAL	PREMIUM TRADITIONAL
<i>(Primary reference for allotment type is the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans)</i>							
INDICATIVE ALLOTMENT WIDTH (FRONTAGE)		10m	12.5m	14m	16m	18m	20m
<b>FRONT SETBACKS</b>							
PRIMARY FRONTAGE For lots with multiple street frontages: a. A lot only has one primary frontage. b. The primary frontage for a corner lot is as per the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Building Envelope Plan (if nominated)	To Wall (Ground Floor)	3.0m	3.0m	3.0m	4.0m	4.5m	4.5m
	To Wall (First Floor)	3.0m	3.0m	3.0m	4.0m	4.5m	4.5m
	To Garage Door	5.0m	5.0m	5.0m	5.0m	5.5m	5.5m
SECONDARY FRONTAGE <i>Note: A Pedestrian Link is not a secondary frontage</i>	To Wall (Ground Floor)	1.5m	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m	3.0m	3.0m
	To Wall (First Floor)	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m	3.0m	3.0m
	To Garage Door	5.0m	5.0m	5.0m	5.0m	5.0m	5.0m
<b>SIDE / REAR SETBACK</b>							
From a boundary of a lot marked (▶) on ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plan; or From any part of the side or rear boundary of a lot where: • on the low side of a retaining wall; and • the total wall height at that part of the side or rear boundary is greater than 2.0m total height. <i>Note: Where a retaining wall is less than or equal to 2.0m on any part of the side or rear boundary of a lot, standard setback provisions apply for that part of the side or rear boundary of a lot.</i>	Ground Floor	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m
	First Floor	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m
For all other side / rear boundaries	Rear Setback	Ground Floor	1.5m	1.5m	1.5m	1.5m	1.5m
		First Floor	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m
	Side Setback - Built to Boundary	Ground Floor	0-0.3m	0-0.3m	0-0.3m	0-0.3m	0-0.3m
		First Floor	0.9m	1.0m	1.0m	1.0m	1.5m
	Side Setback - Non-Built to Boundary	Ground Floor	0.9m	1.0m	1.0m	1.0m	1.5m
		First Floor	0.9m	1.0m	1.0m	1.5m	2.0m
<b>SITE COVER</b>		65%	65%	60%	60%	60%	60%
<b>LEGEND</b> LOT BOUNDARY MAXIMUM BUILDING ENVELOPE (GROUND FLOOR) MAXIMUM BUILDING ENVELOPE (FIRST FLOOR) OPTIONAL BUILT TO BOUNDARY WALL DOUBLE GARAGE PREFERRED LOCATION INDICATIVE DRIVEWAY LOCATION							

**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Approval no: DEV2024/1517  
Date: 16 May 2025

**AMENDED IN RED**

By: Jennifer Sneesby  
Date: 09/05/2025

### 3.2 HOUSE (ATTACHED)

The following criteria apply to House (attached) proposals.

#### Planning Context

- In accordance with the provisions of the Greater Flagstone Urban Development Area Development Scheme (October 2011) (Development Scheme), building work and operational work are exempt development where in accordance with, or associated with, this Plan of Development (PoD).
- All relevant provisions of this PoD must be satisfied prior to the issuance of a Building Approval.
- The provisions of the Development Scheme will apply where development does not comply with all provisions of the Plan of Development.
- The Development Scheme definitions prevail over all other planning instruments to the extent of any inconsistency.

#### General

- All development is to be undertaken in accordance with the Development Approval.
- Nominated building location envelopes may be constrained by future easements and/or services.
- Where allotments are so marked on ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans, residential buildings must be designed and constructed to comply with AS3671-1989 Acoustics - Road Traffic Noise Intrusion - Building, Siting and Construction (floor-plan specific acoustic design) or as per acceptable forms of construction from QDC MP4.4 - Buildings in a Transport Noise Corridor. Refer to the approved Noise Impact Assessment for further information.

#### Setbacks

- Setbacks are as per Table 5: Plan of Development Table - House (Attached) (Table 5), unless specified otherwise on this sheet.
- The permitted location of built to boundary walls are indicated on the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans.
- Where built to boundary walls are not adopted, side setbacks shall be in accordance with the Non-Built to Boundary Wall setbacks nominated in Table 5.
- Length of Built to Boundary walls shall be no more than:
  - 80% for a house on a lot width of 7.5m or less
  - 75% for a house on a lot width of 7.5m - 12.49m
  - 65% for a house on a lot width of 12.5m - 14.9m
  - 60% for a house on a lot width of 15m - 19.9m
  - 55% for a house on a lot width of 20m or greater
- All boundary setbacks are measured to the wall of the structure.
- The dwelling and associated projections (gutters etc.) must be located wholly within the subject lot, unless encroachment rights are secured by way of easement (or other suitable mechanism).
- Other than built to boundary walls, the outside face of the fascia, or the roof structure where there is no fascia, or attached sunhoods or the like (not including retractable blinds, fixed screens, rainwater fittings, or ornamental attachments) of a building is permitted to extend 600mm within the prescribed setback, however cannot encroach closer than 450mm from the boundary.
- For corner lots (excluding a corner intersecting with a laneway), no building or structure over 2m high is built within a 6m x 6m truncation at the corner of two road frontages (refer Table 5).
- The primary street frontage elevation is to be articulated to reduce the mass of the building by one or more of the following:
  - Windows recessed into the façade
  - Balconies, porches or verandahs
  - Window hoods
  - Shadow lines created on the building through minor changes in the façade (100mm minimum).
- Entrance porticoes may be located closer to the property boundary than stated in Table 5 provided that the portico:
  - Is located no less than 1.4m from the front property boundary;
  - Does not exceed a maximum height of 4.5m;
  - Does not exceed a width of 3.0m; and
  - The portico remains open and not enclosed.

#### Building Height

- The maximum building height is 9.0m.
- Buildings must have no more than 2 storeys.

#### Site Cover

- The maximum Site Cover of all buildings and structures roofed with impervious materials, does not exceed the maximum site cover indicated in Tables 4 and 5.

#### Private Open Space and Amenity

- Buildings must ensure the provision of natural light and ventilation to core living areas.
- Each house / dwelling unit has a clearly defined outdoor living space which:
  - Has an area of at least:
    - 12m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 2.4m for a 3 or more bedroom house / dwelling unit;
    - 9m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 2.4m for a 2 bedroom house / dwelling unit; or
    - 5m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 1.2m for a 1 room or 1 bedroom house / dwelling unit; and
  - Is accessible from a living area; and
  - Has a ground slope of not more than 1 in 10; and
  - Provides visual privacy from outdoor living spaces on adjacent lots.

#### Eaves and Roof Pitch

- Eaves, or other architectural features which add visual interest to wall/roof junctions (such as parapets), are required to all walls excluding those built to the boundary.
- The maximum roof pitch is 40 degrees.

#### Parking and Driveways

- A minimum of two on-site car parking spaces must be provided for each dwelling, one of which must be within a garage.
- Garages:
  - Where single storey on lots less than 10m, single or tandem garages must be used. Where double storey on a lot less than 10m, double garages can be used provided the garage is setback a min 1.0m from the second floor balcony/facade and the main entrance addresses the street.
- The maximum width of a driveway at the lot boundary shall be:
  - 4.8m for a dwelling with a double garage on a lot with a width of 12.5m or greater.
  - 3.5m for a dwelling on a lot with a width between 10m to 12.49m.
  - 3.0m for a dwelling with a single or tandem garage on any lot.
- A maximum of one driveway per dwelling is permitted unless it is a corner lot where a maximum of two driveways are permitted (1 per frontage).
- Where accessed from a laneway, garages are to be paired (built to a common boundary where possible).
- The driveway finish must not be plain concrete.
- Driveways are to be:
  - a minimum distance of 6m from an intersection of one street with another street; and
  - designed and constructed in accordance with approval / permit requirements of Logan City Council.

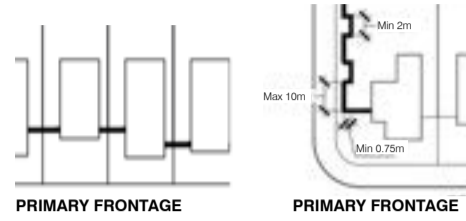
#### Retaining Walls

- Other than walls erected by the developer, retaining walls:
  - must be tiered 1m vertical and 1m horizontal where forward of the building line to any street, park or lane and visible from the public realm; and
  - cannot exceed 1.5m in height without stepping elements incorporated.
- For sloping lots:
  - Where a built to boundary wall is permitted, this wall must be projected to at least 150mm below the likely pad level of the adjacent block. The pad level can be assumed to be the average of the four corners of the adjacent block using the As Built levels. The build down of the built to boundary wall must be in a material consistent with the visible section of the wall immediately above it.

- Where on a lot with a rear retaining wall exceeding 2.0m above ground level (or where identified on the Plan of Development - Envelope Plans), the Rear Setback is as per Table 5.
- All retaining walls over 1.0m in height must be certified by an RPEQ.

#### Fencing

- For front loaded lots the Primary Frontage requirements are as follows:
  - The maximum fence height is 1.8m;
  - Fences are not permitted along road frontages forward of the building; and
  - Side boundary fences are to be recessed at least 1m behind the wall addressing the primary road frontage (as seen below).



- For rear loaded lots the Primary Frontage requirements are as follows:
  - The maximum fence height is 1.2m;
  - Fences are permitted along the Primary Frontage and the side boundaries forward of the façade facing the Primary Frontage; and
  - Fences must be at least 50% transparent.

- For all lots the Secondary Frontage requirements are as follows:
  - Fences may extend beyond the face of the secondary façade only on the basis the fencing visible from the public area is:
    - A maximum fence height of 1.8m;
    - Solid up to a height of 1.2m with any fencing above 1.2m in height being at least 50% transparent or the fence can be at least 25% transparent overall where the transparency is consistent across the full area of the fence (i.e. transparent sections cannot be located solely at ground level); and
    - Does not extend for lengths greater than 10m without a landscaped recess 2m in length and 0.75m deep (as seen above).

#### Pedestrian link requirements:

- Fences to pedestrian links:
  - A maximum fence height of 1.8m; and
  - Solid up to a height of 1.2m with any fencing above 1.2m in height being at least 50% transparent or the fence can be at least 25% transparent overall where the transparency is consistent across the full area of the fence (i.e. transparent sections cannot be located solely at ground level).

#### Letterboxes

- For rear loaded lots, letterboxes for the dwelling shall be located on the primary street or park frontage and not in the laneway.

#### Structures and Services

- All ancillary structures (e.g. garden sheds, gazebos, pools) and services are to be suitably located or screened to minimise detrimental visual impact from public spaces or neighbouring residential allotments, with the exception of solar panels and solar hot water systems which may be located where most efficient.
- Screened drying areas are to be located behind the main face of the dwellings.
- Rubbish bin areas are to be located behind the main face of the dwellings or stored so as to not be visible from the public realm.

#### Secondary Dwelling

- A secondary dwelling is only permitted where:
  - The lot is 400m<sup>2</sup> or more;
  - The lot frontage is 12.5m or more; and
  - It complies with the applicable self assessable provisions in Schedule 3 of the Development Scheme where not inconsistent with the provisions of this PoD.
- There is to be no more than one secondary dwelling on a lot.
- Floor area is maximum 45m<sup>2</sup> GFA (note: GFA excludes the garage and a 4m<sup>2</sup> size covered entry porch area only)
- Design and siting of buildings and structures to be in accordance with this Plan of Development. Where not on a corner lot, the dwelling/secondary dwelling must have the design effect of one (1) single residential dwelling from the road/street frontage or within public view.
- Materials, detailing colours and roof form are consistent with those of the primary house.
- Outdoor living space is a minimum 9m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 3m and directly accessible from a main living area.
- Car Parking and Garaging is minimum one space in addition to the primary dwelling requirement - with minimum dimensions of 5m x 3m.
- Shared minimum driveway with the primary house.
- If the lot is on a corner the dedicated pedestrian entry and door are visible from and addressing the secondary street.
- Street Surveillance - on a single street frontage the secondary dwelling entry must be hidden from view from the street so as to give the effect that the home is one (1) single residential dwelling.
- Any Secondary Dwelling is not permitted it's own letterbox and must be shared with the primary dwelling.
- Any Secondary Dwelling is unable to be separately titled to the primary dwelling.
- No separate infrastructure servicing to the secondary dwelling is permitted (ie. water, gas, electricity).

#### Filling and Excavation

- Filling or excavation of a lot is to be a maximum of 50m<sup>3</sup> in volume or top dressing of less than 100 vertical millimetres from ground level (ground level definition as per Greater Flagstone Development Scheme)

#### Acoustic Requirements

- All lots identified in the approved Traffic Noise Impact Assessment, prepared by ATP Consulting Engineers (23 April 2024), as being subject to traffic noise impact must be designed in accordance with AS2107-2016 and setback in accordance with the Traffic Noise Impact Assessment.

**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Approval no: DEV2024/1517

Date: 16 May 2025



**AMENDED IN RED**

By: Jennifer Sneesby

Date: 09/05/2025



TABLE 5: PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT TABLE - HOUSE (ATTACHED)

INDICATIVE ALLOTMENT TYPE (Primary reference for allotment type is the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans)		FRONT LOADED	REAR LOADED	DUAL LOADED	
<b>FRONT SETBACKS</b>					
PRIMARY FRONTAGE For lots with multiple street frontages: a. A lot only has one primary frontage. b. The primary frontage for a corner lot is as per the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Building Envelope Plan (if nominated)	To Wall (Ground Floor)	3.0m	3.0m	3.0m	
	To Wall (First Floor)	3.0m	3.0m	3.0m	
	To Garage Door	5.0m	N/A	5.0m	
SECONDARY FRONTAGE <i>Note: A Pedestrian Link is not a secondary frontage</i>	To Wall (Ground Floor)	1.5m	1.5m	2.0m	
	To Wall (First Floor)	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m	
	To Garage Door	N/A	N/A	5.0m	
<b>SIDE / REAR SETBACK</b>					
From a boundary of a lot marked (➡) on ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plan or From any part of the side or rear boundary of a lot where: • on the low side of a retaining wall; and • the total wall height at that part of the side or rear boundary is greater than 2.0m total height. <i>Note: Where a retaining wall is less than or equal to 2.0m on any part of the side or rear boundary of a lot, standard setback provisions apply for that part of the side or rear boundary of a lot.</i>	Ground Floor	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	
	First Floor	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m	
For all other side / rear boundaries	Rear Setback	Ground Floor	1.5m	1.5m	
		First Floor	1.5m	1.5m	
		To Garage Door	N/A	1.5m	N/A
	Side Setback - Built to Boundary	Ground Floor	0-0.3m	0-0.3m	0-0.3m
		First Floor	0-0.3m	0-0.3m	0-0.3m
	Side Setback - Non-Built to Boundary	Ground Floor	0.9m	1.0m	1.0m
First Floor		0.9m	1.0m	1.0m	
<b>SITE COVER</b>		<b>75%</b>	<b>75%</b>	<b>70%</b>	
<b>LEGEND</b> LOT BOUNDARY MAXIMUM BUILDING ENVELOPE (GROUND FLOOR) MAXIMUM BUILDING ENVELOPE (FIRST FLOOR) BUILT TO BOUNDARY WALL PREFERRED GARAGE LOCATION POTENTIAL ADDITIONAL CARPARK WHERE MEETING SPECIFIED CRITERIA INDICATIVE DRIVEWAY LOCATION		<b>ADJOINING LOTS</b> 	<b>ADJOINING LOTS</b> 		

### 3.3 MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL

The following criteria apply to Multiple Residential Proposals.

#### Planning Context

- In accordance with the provisions of the Greater Flagstone Urban Development Area Development Scheme (October 2011) (Development Scheme), building work and operational work are exempt development where in accordance with, or associated with, this Plan of Development (PoD).
- All relevant provisions of this PoD must be satisfied prior to the issuance of a Building Approval.
- The provisions of the Development Scheme will apply where development does not comply with all provisions of the Plan of Development.
- The Development Scheme definitions prevail over all other planning instruments to the extent of any inconsistency.

#### General

- All development is to be undertaken in accordance with the Development Approval.
- Nominated building location envelopes may be constrained by future easements and/or services.
- Where allotments are so marked on ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans, residential buildings must be designed and constructed to comply with AS3671-1989 Acoustics - Road Traffic Noise Intrusion - Building, Siting and Construction (floor-plan specific acoustic design) or as per acceptable forms of construction from QDC MP4.4 - Buildings in a Transport Noise Corridor. Refer to the approved Noise Impact Assessment for further information.

#### Setbacks

- Setbacks are as per Table 6: Plan of Development Table - Multiple Residential (Table 6), unless specified otherwise on this sheet.
- All boundary setbacks are measured to the wall of the structure.
- The dwelling and associated projections (gutters etc.) must be located wholly within the subject lot, unless encroachment rights are secured by way of easement (or other suitable mechanism).
- Other than built to boundary walls, the outside face of the fascia, or the roof structure where there is no fascia, or attached sunhoods or the like (not including retractable blinds, fixed screens, rainwater fittings, or ornamental attachments) of a building is set back from the boundary by one or more of the following:
  - Windows recessed into the façade
  - Balconies, porches or verandahs
  - Window hoods
  - Shadow lines created on the building through minor changes in the façade (100mm minimum).
- Entrance porticoes may be located closer to the property boundary than stated in the Table 6 provided that the portico:
  - Is located no less than 1.4m from the front property boundary;

- Does not exceed a maximum height of 4.5m;
- Does not exceed a width of 3.0m; and
- The portico remains open and not enclosed.

#### Building Height

- The maximum building height is 9.0m.
- Buildings must have no more than 2 storeys.

#### Site Cover

- The maximum Site Cover of all buildings and structures roofed with impervious materials, does not exceed the maximum site cover indicated in Tables 4 and 5.

#### Private Open Space and Amenity

- Each house / dwelling unit has a clearly defined outdoor living space which:
  - Has an area of at least:
    - 12m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 2.4m for a 3 or more bedroom house / dwelling unit;
    - 9m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 2.4m for a 2 bedroom house / dwelling unit; or
    - 5m<sup>2</sup> with a minimum dimension of 1.2m for a 1 room or 1 bedroom house / dwelling unit.
  - Is accessible from a living area;
  - Has a ground slope of not more than 1 in 10; and
  - Provides visual privacy from outdoor living spaces on adjacent lots.

Or communal open space is provided which:

- has an area of at least 25% of the area of the lot; and
- is of a shape which can include a circle with a 4.0m diameter.

- Buildings must ensure the provision of natural light and ventilation to core living areas.

#### Eaves and Roof Pitch

- Eaves, or other architectural features which add visual interest to wall/roof junctions (such as parapets), are required to all walls.
- The maximum roof pitch is 40 degrees.

#### Parking and Driveways

- For all allotments the following applies:
  - Double garages will not be permitted on a single storey dwelling;
  - Double garages may be permitted where the dwelling is set back at least 1m behind the main facade, excluding balconies, of the dwelling;
  - The maximum width of a driveway at the lot boundary & where crossing the verge:
    - servicing a double garage shall be 4.8m; and
    - servicing a single garage shall be 3.0m.
- Parking spaces on driveways do not have to comply with gradients in AS2890.
- A minimum of two on-site car parking spaces must be provided for each dwelling, one of which must be within a garage.
- For all front-loaded attached allotments, garages are not to dominate the streetscape.
- A maximum of one driveway per dwelling permitted.

- Where accessed from a laneway, garages are to be paired where possible.
- The driveway finish must not be plain concrete.
- Driveways are to be:
  - a minimum distance of 6m from an intersection of one street with another street; and
  - designed and constructed in accordance with approval / permit requirements of Logan City Council.

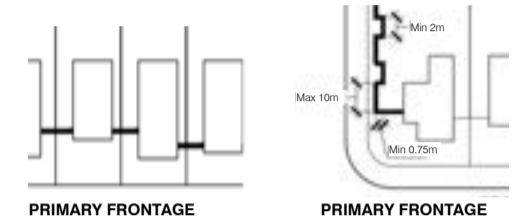
#### Retaining Walls

- Other than walls erected by the developer, retaining walls:
  - must be tiered 1m vertical and 1m horizontal where forward of the building line to any street, park or lane and visible from the public realm; and
  - cannot exceed 1.5m in height without stepping elements incorporated.

- All retaining walls over 1.0m in height must be certified by an RPEQ.

#### Fencing

- For front loaded dwellings the Primary Frontage requirements are as follows:
  - The maximum fence height is 1.8m;
  - Fences are not permitted along road frontages forward of the building; and
  - Side boundary fences are to be setback at least 1m behind the face of the wall addressing the primary road frontage (as seen below).



- For rear loaded dwellings the Primary Frontage requirements are as follows:
  - The maximum fence height is 1.2m;
  - Fences are permitted along the Primary Frontage and the side boundaries forward of the façade facing the Primary Frontage; and
  - Fences must be at least 50% transparent.
- For all dwellings the Secondary Frontage requirements are as follows:
  - Fences may extend beyond the face of the secondary façade only on the basis the fencing visible from the public area is:
    - A maximum fence height of 1.8m;
    - Solid up to a height of 1.2m with any fencing above 1.2m in height being at least 50% transparent or the fence can be at least 25% transparent overall where the transparency is consistent across the full area of the fence (i.e. transparent sections cannot be located solely at ground level); and
    - Does not extend for lengths greater than 10m without a landscaped recess 2m in length and 0.75m deep (as seen above).

- Pedestrian link requirements:
    - Fences to pedestrian links:
      - A maximum fence height of 1.8m; and
      - Solid up to a height of 1.2m with any fencing above 1.2m in height being at least 50% transparent or the fence can be at least 25% transparent overall where the transparency is consistent across the full area of the fence (i.e. transparent sections cannot be located solely at ground level).
  - Within laneways, 1.8m high fences are permitted to screen private open space, car parking and servicing areas.
- Letterboxes**
- For rear loaded dwellings, letterboxes shall be located on the primary street or park frontage and not in the laneway.
- Structures and Services**
- All ancillary structures (e.g. garden sheds, gazebos, pools) and services are to be suitably located or screened to minimise detrimental visual impact from public spaces or neighbouring residential allotments, with the exception of solar panels and solar hot water systems which may be located where most efficient.
  - Screened drying areas are to be located behind the main face of the dwellings.
  - Rubbish bin areas are to be located behind the main face of the dwellings or stored so as to not be visible from the public realm.
- Filling and Excavation**
- Filling or excavation of a lot is to be a maximum of 50m<sup>3</sup> in volume or top dressing of less than 100 vertical millimetres from ground level (ground level definition as per Greater Flagstone Development Scheme)
- Acoustic Requirements**
- All lots identified in the approved Traffic Noise Impact Assessment, prepared by ATP Consulting Engineers (23 April 2024), as being subject to traffic noise impact must be designed in accordance with AS2107-2016 and setback in accordance with the Traffic Noise Impact Assessment.

**PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the PDA DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Approval no: DEV2024/1517  
Date: 16 May 2025



**AMENDED IN RED**

By: Jennifer Sneesby  
Date: 09/05/2025



TABLE 6: PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT TABLE - MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL

INDICATIVE ALLOTMENT TYPE (Primary reference for allotment type is the ROL 13: Plan of Development - Envelope Plans)		FRONT LOADED	REAR LOADED	DUAL LOADED
<b>FRONT SETBACKS</b>				
PRIMARY FRONTAGE For lots with multiple street frontages: a. A lot only has one primary frontage. b. The primary frontage for a corner lot is as per the ROL 13: Plan of Development – Building Envelope Plan (if nominated)	To Wall (Ground Floor)	3.0m	3.0m	3.0m
	To Wall (First Floor)	3.0m	3.0m	3.0m
	To Garage Door	5.0m	N/A	5.0m
SECONDARY FRONTAGE <i>Note: A Pedestrian Link is not a secondary frontage</i>	To Wall (Ground Floor)	1.5m	1.5m	2.0m
	To Wall (First Floor)	2.0m	2.0m	2.0m
	To Garage Door	N/A	N/A	5.0m
<b>SIDE / REAR SETBACK</b>				
From any part of the side or rear boundary of a lot where: • on the low side of a retaining wall; and • the total wall height at that part of the side or rear boundary is greater than 2.0m total height. <i>Note: Where a retaining wall is less than or equal to 2.0m on any part of the side or rear boundary of a lot, standard setback provisions apply for that part of the side or rear boundary of a lot.</i>	Ground Floor	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m
	First Floor	2.5m	2.5m	2.5m
For all other side / rear boundaries	Rear Setback	Ground Floor	1.5m	1.5m
		First Floor	1.5m	1.5m
		To Garage Door	N/A	1.5m
	Side Setback - Non-Built to Boundary	Ground Floor	1.0m	1.0m
First Floor	1.0m	1.0m	1.5m	
<b>SITE COVER</b>		<b>75%</b>	<b>75%</b>	<b>70%</b>
<p><b>LEGEND</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LOT BOUNDARY</li> <li>MAXIMUM BUILDING ENVELOPE (GROUND FLOOR)</li> <li>MAXIMUM BUILDING ENVELOPE (FIRST FLOOR)</li> <li>BUILT TO BOUNDARY WALL</li> <li>PREFERRED GARAGE LOCATION</li> <li>POTENTIAL ADDITIONAL CARPARK WHERE MEETING SPECIFIED CRITERIA</li> <li>INDICATIVE DRIVEWAY LOCATION</li> <li>INDICATIVE LETTERBOX LOCATION</li> </ul> <p><b>CORNER LOTS (GENERAL)</b></p>		<p><b>ADJOINING LOTS</b></p>	<p><b>ADJOINING LOTS</b></p>	<p><b>ADJOINING LOTS</b></p>

### 3.4 SALES OFFICE

The following criteria apply to a Sales Office:

- The hours of operation of the sales office do not commence before 7am or extend later than 6pm.
- A minimum of 2 on-site car parking spaces are provided.
- Private open space and public frontage are turfed and landscaped.



EVERLEIGH

PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT - ROL 13 - DESIGN CRITERIA - SHEET 3 OF 3

PROJECT NO: P0018054  
DATE: 02.12.2024  
DRAWING NO: DC13-3  
REV: 10

## 4.0 ADVERTISING DEVICES

Advertising Devices in accordance with the controls on this sheet are exempt in accordance with this Plan of Development.

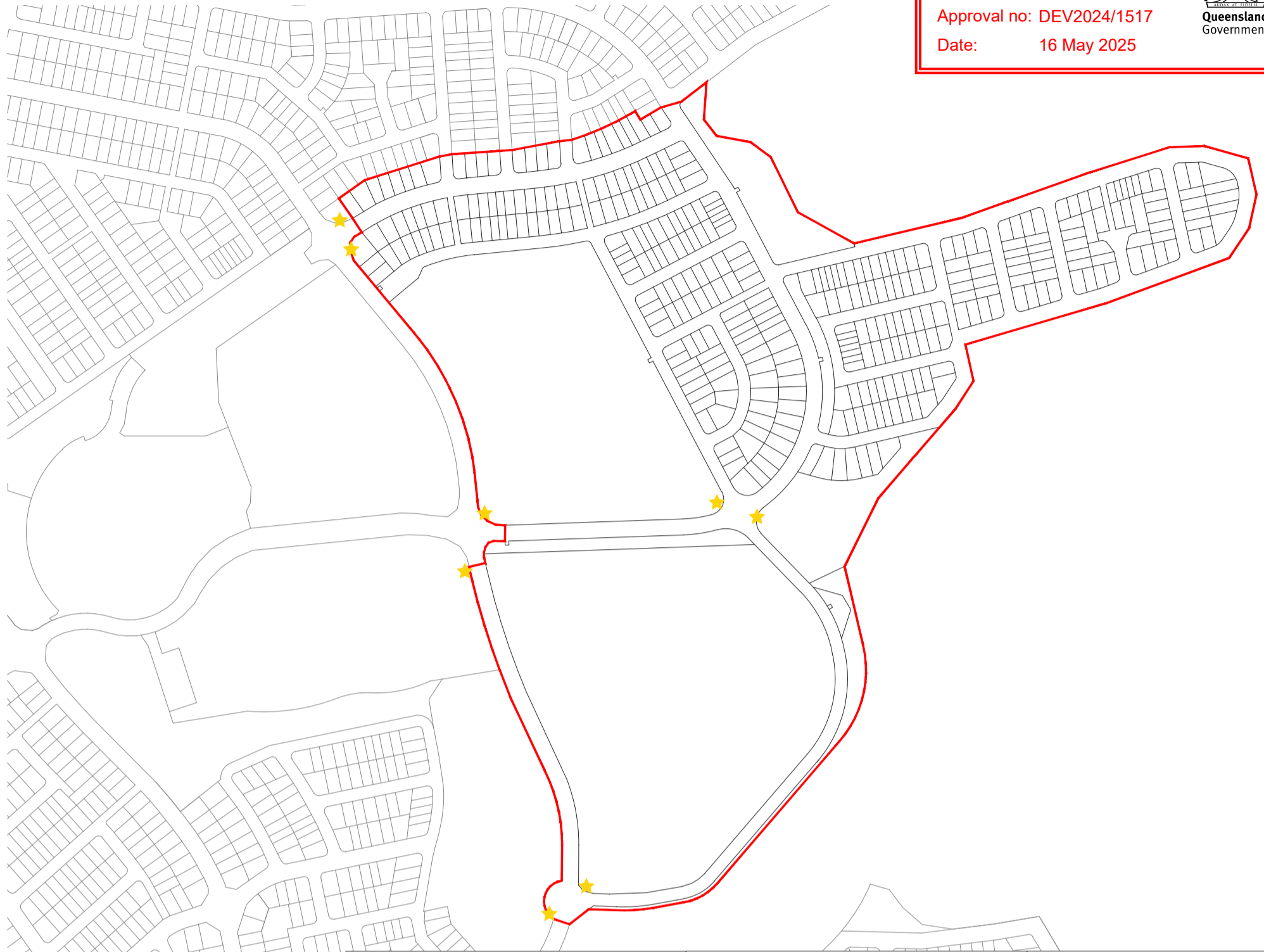
PLANS AND DOCUMENTS  
referred to in the PDA  
DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Approval no: DEV2024/1517

Date: 16 May 2025



FIGURE 2: INDICATIVE LOCATIONS OF PRIMARY ADVERTISING DEVICES



### Notes:

#### Currency period

- Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, all advertising devices nominated on this plan are not permitted to remain longer than 20 years from either the date that approval is granted for the last lot or once the last residential substage under this approval is sold, whichever is the earliest.
- After these times, the Advertising Devices must be removed.

#### Construction

- Construction of Advertising Devices is limited to 6:30am – 6:30pm Monday to Saturday, and may not occur outside of these hours, on Sundays or on public holidays.

#### Visual amenity and safety of movement

- An advertising device is not to be animated or revolve or flash.
- The advertising devices are to be treated to reduce glare and reflectivity.

#### Standards for signs

- A Banner Sign is permitted where complying with the following criteria:
  - Does not exceed a maximum sign face area of 2.5m<sup>2</sup>
  - Where a flag on a flagpole:
    - Does not exceed a maximum height of 9m;
    - Is set a minimum of 2.4m from ground level; and
    - Is limited to 1 flag per 10m of street front boundary.
- Building / Structure Façade Sign is permitted where complying with the following criteria:
  - The sign is painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into a wall of a building / structure does not project above the wall of the building / structure;
  - The sign is painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into a window of a building is limited to a window on the ground floor of the building;
  - The sign is painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into the fascia of a building:
    - Does not project above or below the fascia of the building;
    - Has a maximum height of 30% of the height of the building / structure; and
    - Has a maximum total face of 25% of the building façade.
- Directional Sign is permitted where complying with the following criteria:
  - Has a maximum height of 1.2m above ground level; and
  - Has a maximum total face area of 1m<sup>2</sup>.
- Free Standing Sign is permitted where complying with the following Criteria:
  - Has a maximum height of 8m;
  - Has a maximum width of 6m per advertising face;

- Being a pole, pylon or billboard sign or v sign, has a minimum clearance above ground level of 2.4m where pedestrian access is to occur under the Free Standing Sign;
  - For billboard and v signs, avoids visual clutter by adhering to the following:
    - No more than 2 billboard or v signs are erected per 100m of road frontage to the site;
    - A separation of at least 60m from another billboard or v sign on the same road frontage, or 200m if either sign has an electronic component; and
    - Does not include bunting.
- Sales Office Sign is permitted where complying with the following criteria:
    - Is located on premises lawfully operating as a Sales Office;
    - Limited to 1 per road frontage; and
    - Has a maximum face area of 5m<sup>2</sup>
  - A Third Party Sign is permitted to be erected on land owned or under the control of Mirvac, and intended to advertise the emerging community.

### Definitions:

#### Advertising Device

Any permanent structure, device, sign or the like intended for advertising purposes. It includes any framework, supporting structure or building feature that is provided exclusively or mainly as part of the advertisement.

#### Banner Sign

A device that:

- comprises only cloth, paper, flexible plastic, fabric or other non-rigid material; and
- is suspended from a structure or pole with or without supporting framework.

#### Building / Structure Façade Sign

A sign which is painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into the wall, window, canopy or fascia of a building or structure.

Note—Examples of a building façade sign:

- Awning fascia sign being an advertising device painted on, attached to or incorporated into the fascia of an awning, balcony or veranda.
- Canopy sign being an advertising device painted on or otherwise incorporated into a canopy of a building.
- Hamper sign being an advertising device painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into the area between a door head and the underside of an awning, balcony or veranda.
- Building name sign being an advertising device painted

on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into the wall of a building naming or identifying a building by the use of a logo or the like.

- Wall sign being an advertising device painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into a wall of a building or structure (fence).
- Window sign being an advertising device painted on, attached to or otherwise incorporated into a window of a building.

#### Directional Sign

A sign providing information in respect of the operation of an activity on the premises.

Note—Examples of a directional sign:

- entrance sign;
- parking sign;
- menu board.

#### Face Area

In relation to an advertising device, where the advertising device has:

- only one face, the greater of the area of:
  - the advertisement panel or board as installed; or
  - a rectangular figure best enclosing the advertising message, logo or figure;
- more than one face, the sum of the area of each of the faces where each is calculated separately in accordance with paragraph (a).

#### Free Standing Sign

A sign permanently attached to the ground on its supportive structure independent of any building.

Note—Examples of a freestanding sign:

- A billboard sign being an advertising device the width of which is greater than the height and which may be positioned on the ground or mounted on one or many vertical supports;
- A v sign being an advertising device the width of which is greater than the height and which may be positioned on the ground or mounted on one or many vertical supports where the two advertising faces are arranged at an angle to each other addressing the road frontage;
- A ground sign being an advertising device which in effect sits on or rises out of the ground;
- A pole sign being an advertising device which may be positioned on the ground or mounted on one or more supports;
- A vertical banner free standing sign being an advertising device of non-rigid material normally fixed at the top and bottom to brackets extending from a freestanding pole.

### Legend

- Site Boundary
- ROL Boundary
- 8 x 1500mm x 650mm Double Sided Signs

# Annexure C

## Fence Types



# NEIGHBOUR FENCE

## NEIGHBOUR FENCE TYPE 1 — TIMBER PALING FENCE



Retaining walls to be constructed by Mirvac have been designed to allow these fences to be attached using cleats. Speak to the Sales Team or refer to the **Building @ Everleigh Portal** for further detail.

### FINISHES

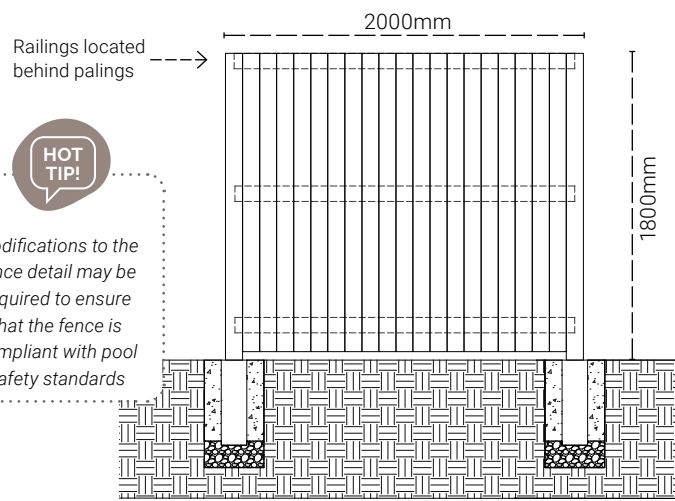
- Timber paling fence
- Unpainted
- Pine palings
- Posts and rails to be hardwood, recommended grade F14, durability Class 1
- Any timber in contact with ground to be H4 treated minimum



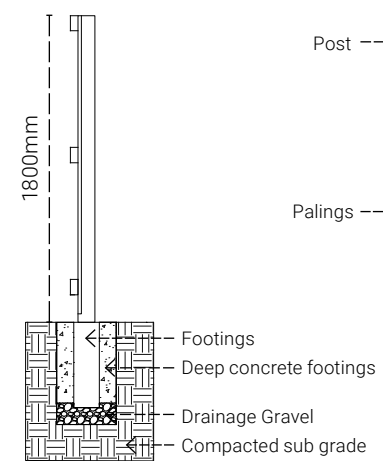
### FENCE TYPE 1 EXAMPLE



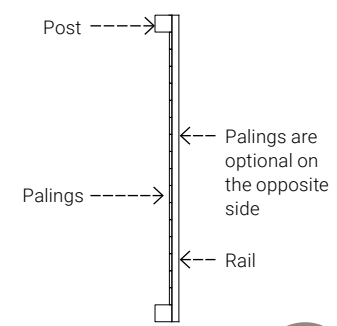
### Front view



### Side view



### Plan view



Check with your Builder or Engineer on correct fence footings detail.

### Specifications:

**Posts**

- Spacing nominal 2m
- Corner posts/End posts 100x100
- Intermediate posts 100x75
- Height 1.8m above finished level

**Rails**

- 3 required
- 90 x 40

**Palings**

- 100x16
- Nominal 0mm gap between palings

# NEIGHBOUR FENCE

## NEIGHBOUR FENCE TYPE 2 — GOOD NEIGHBOUR PINE FENCE



Retaining walls to be constructed by Mirvac have been designed to allow these fences to be attached using cleats. Speak to the Sales Team or refer to the Building @ Everleigh Portal for further detail.

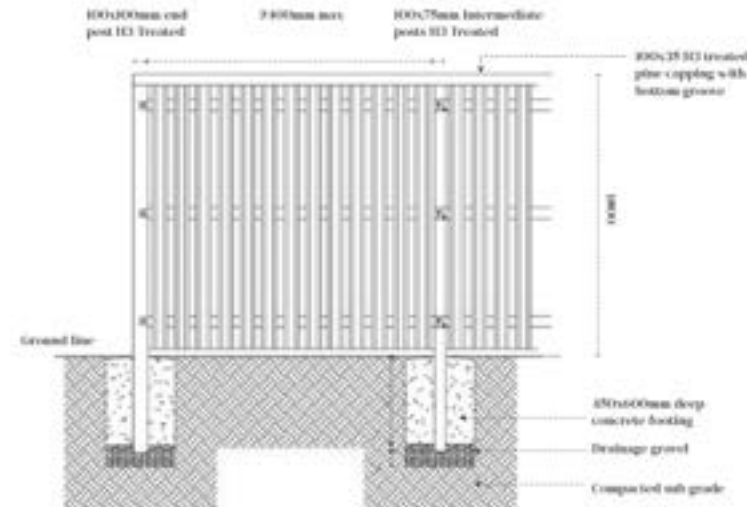
### FINISHES

### FENCE TYPE 2 EXAMPLE

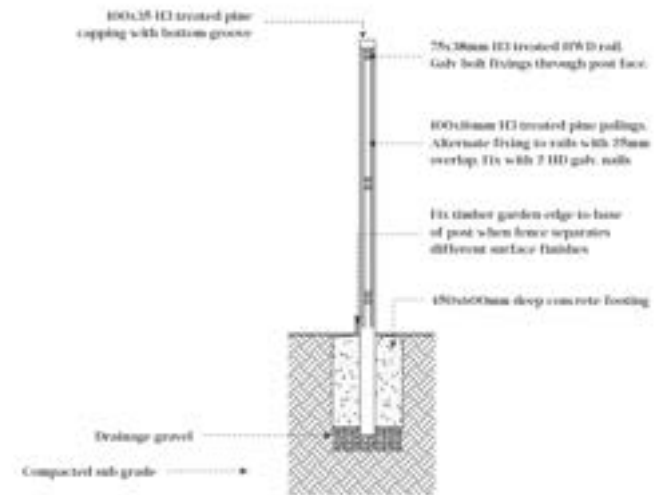


Modifications to the fence detail may be required to ensure that the fence is compliant with pool safety standards

Front view



Side view



# FEATURE FENCE

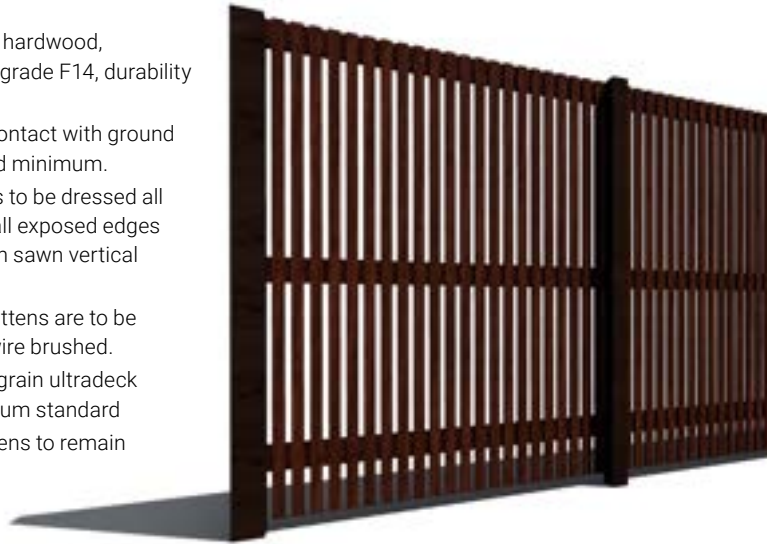
## FEATURE FENCE DRESSED HARDWOOD OR ROUGH SAWN VERTICAL BATTENS



Retaining walls to be constructed by Mirvac have been designed to allow these fences to be attached using cleats. Speak to the Sales Team or refer to the **Building @ Everleigh Portal** for further detail.

### FINISHES

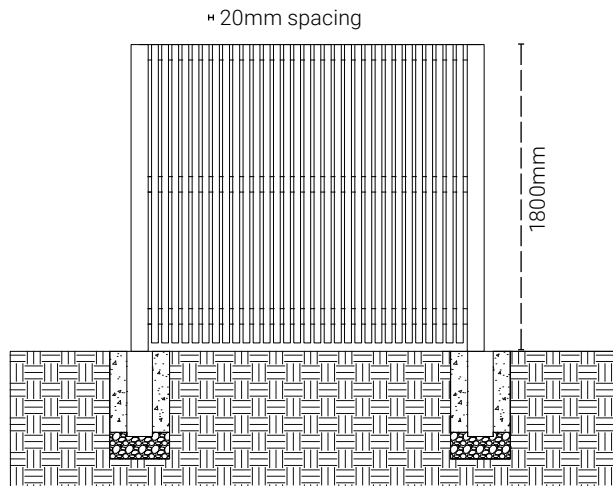
- All timber to be hardwood, recommended grade F14, durability Class 1.
- Any timber in contact with ground to be H4 treated minimum.
- Vertical battens to be dressed all round or, arris all exposed edges (5mm) on rough sawn vertical battens.
- Rough sawn battens are to be mechanically wire brushed.
- 2 coats of intergrain ultradeck (natural) minimum standard
- Hardwood battens to remain un-painted.



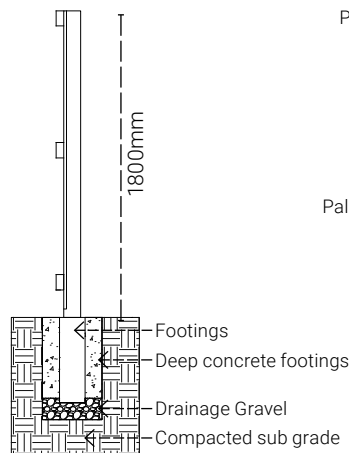
### FENCE TYPE A EXAMPLE



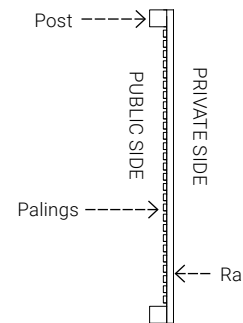
### Front View



### Side view



### Plan view



Check with your Builder or Engineer on correct fence footings detail.

### Specifications:

#### Posts

- Spacing nominal 1.5 metres
- Corner posts/End posts 100x100
- Intermediate posts 100x75
- Height 1.8m above finished level

#### Rails

- 3 required
- 90 x 40

#### Palings

- 20 x 40
- 20mm gap (minimum) between palings

# Annexure D

## Landscape Design Guidelines



# Everleigh Landscape Design Guidelines

The following planting plans present typical garden layouts.

Plans require customisation to suit the unique site conditions.

Designs must meet requirements outlined in Part 2: Architectural and Landscape Design Standards of the Everleigh Residential Design Standards & Guidelines.

Your front garden and areas visible on secondary frontages must be completely landscaped in accordance with the guidelines within six (6) months of issue of Certificate of Occupancy for the dwelling.

Refer to the example planting palette for recommended species list.

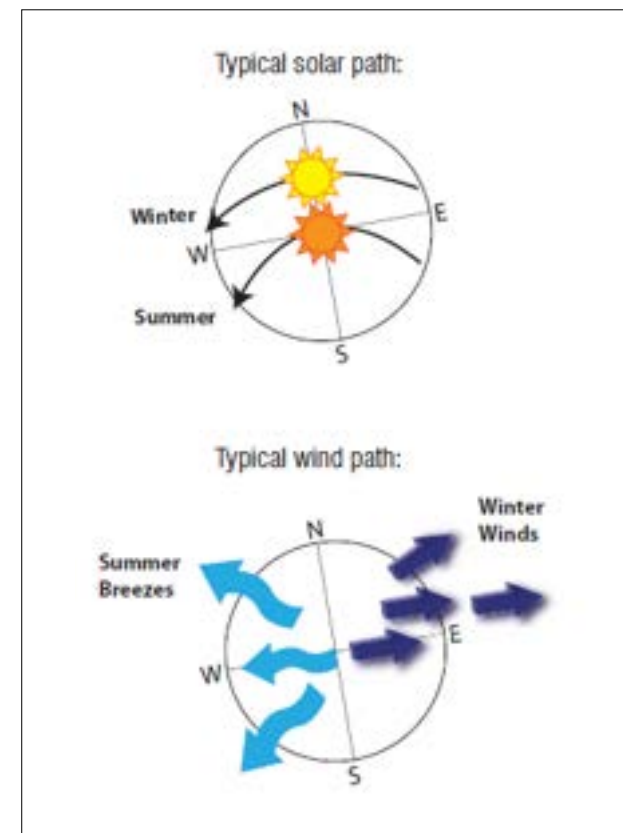
**HOT TIP!**

*Be sure to seek advice from your engineer for any retaining walls or fencing requirements.*

## General Landscape Design Notes

Give consideration to the following:

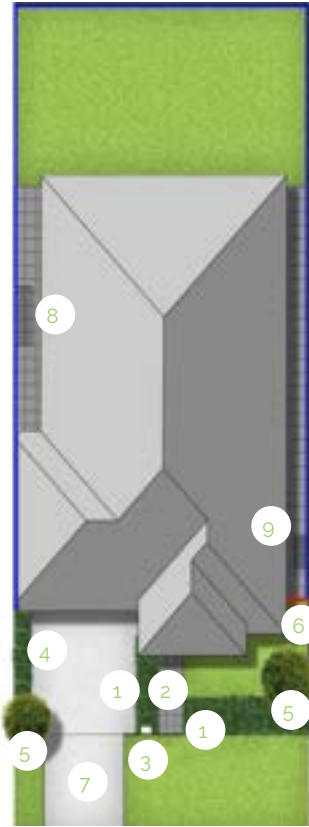
- Protect and enhance favourable existing views and vistas through considerate placement of trees and shrubs
- Locate trees and shrubs to provide adequate privacy between neighbours and the public realm
- Provide a balance of sun penetration, shading and wind screening
- Consider the location of windows and the mature heights of shrubs when planting around the house perimeter to preserve views into the garden and prevent overshadowing of the interior
- Consider service locations and potential conflicts with trees
- Provide safe and comfortable access to gates and doorways
- Ensure pathways and pavements are stable, even and non-slip in all weather conditions with adequate crossfalls to prevent ponding of water
- Do not plant spiky plants next to pathways
- Maintain adequate sightlines for drivers and pedestrians in the vicinity of driveways and ensure plants with a mature height of under 500mm are chosen for critical locations
- Manage site water to ensure stormwater runs off away from buildings and waterlogging is minimised
- Consider the site's aspect and predict the amount of sun and shade plants will likely receive when selecting species from the plant palette



# LANDSCAPE DESIGN EXAMPLES

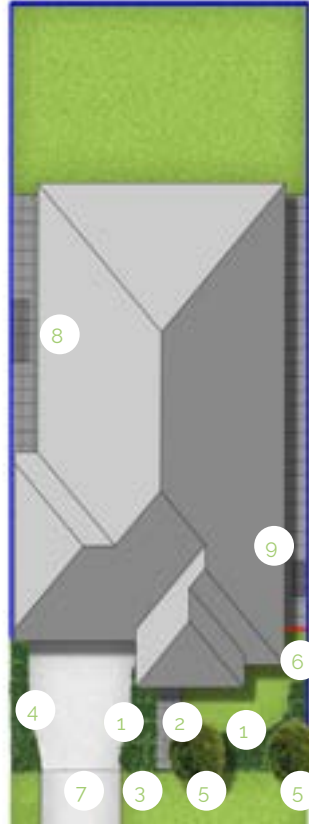
## TYPICAL LOT

Example 1



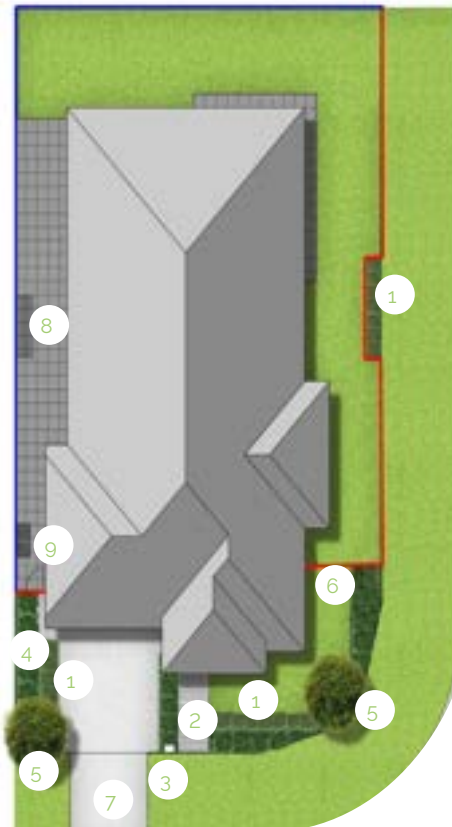
## TYPICAL LOT

Example 2



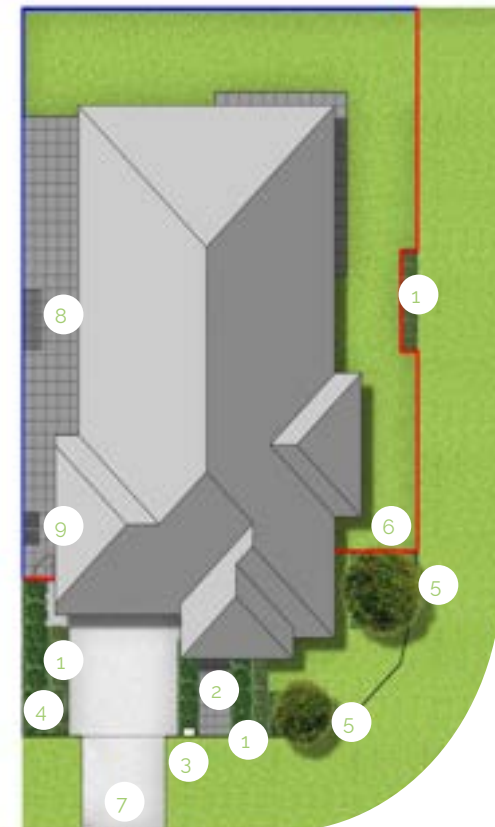
## CORNER LOT

Example 1



## CORNER LOT




Example 2



### LEGEND

- 1. Shrubs and ground covers
- 2. Entry path constructed from a permanent hard surface
- 3. Information on letterbox style required for approval
- 4. Hedging plants and groundcovers

- 5. Advanced Tree
- 6. Feature hardwood fence Type A or B
- 7. Driveway to LCC standards
- 8. Clothesline
- 9. Concrete pads for rubbish bin storage

-  Fence Type 1 or 2
-  Feature Hardwood
-  High Quality Turf

## EXAMPLE PLANTING PALETTE: NATIVE



Golden Penda



Native Gardenia



Flowering Gum



Ivory Curl



Tuckeroo



Claret Tops



Swamp Banksia



Midgen Berry



Callistemon 'Little John'



Syzygiun 'Pinnacles'



Doryanthes Excelsa



Westringia Zena



Cushion Bush



Leaf Flower



Miss Muffet



Tussock Grass



Yellow Buttons



Spider Lily



Wild Iris



Native Violet

# EXAMPLE PLANTING PALETTE: TROPICAL

## FEATURE TREES



Evergreen Frangapani



Macarthur Palm



Dragon tree



Cottonwood Hibiscus



Native Gardenia

## TALL SHRUBS



Red Cordyline



lady Finger Paml



Mauritius Hemp



Summerscent



Sago Palm

## SHRUBS



Xanadu



Cordyline 'Pink Diamond'



Bird of Paradise



White Empress



Cardboard Palm

## GROUND COVERS



Spider Lily



Kangaroo Vine



Dew Plant



African Lily



Guinea Flower

## EXAMPLE PLANTING PALETTE: TRADITIONAL



Native Gardenia



Magnolia 'Teddy Bear'



Pink Trumpet Tree



Rosary Tree



Olive



Red Robin



Summerscent



Sweet Viburnum



Laurustinus



Lilly Pilly Resilience



Miss Muffet



New Zealand Christmas Bush



Port Wine Magnolia



Cape Jasmine



Dwarf Indian Hawthorn



Gazania 'Treasure Flower'



Fan Flower



Star Jasmine



Chinese Wisteria



Creeping Fig

## PLANT SPECIES INFORMATION: NATIVE

	PLANT SPECIES		MIN. SUPPLY SIZE	LIGHT REQUIREMENTS			WILDLIFE ATTRACTING			MAINTENANCE TIPS & WATER REQUIREMENTS			FLOWERS			
	Common Name	Scientific Name		Full Sun	Part Sun	Full Shade	Birds	Butterfly	Bees/Insects	Prune for Hedge	Drought Tolerant	Moist Soil – Well Mulched	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Winter
<b>Feature Trees</b>	Golden Penda	Xanthostemon chrysanthus	45L	X			X	X	X				X			X
	Native Gardenia	Atractocarpus fitzalanii	45L	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X			
	Corymbia "Summer Red"	Flowering gum	45L	X	X		X				X			X		
	Ivory Curl	Buckinghamia celsissima	45L	X	X		X	X	X		X					
	Tuckeroo	Cupaniopsis anacardioides	45L	X	X		X				X		X		X	
<b>Tall Shrubs</b>	Claret Tops	Melaleuca 'Claret Tops'	140mm	X							X					
	Swamp Banksia	Banksia robur	140mm	X			X	X	X			X			X	
	Midgen Berry	Austromyrtus dulcis	140mm	X	X		X		X			X	X	X	X	
	Callistemon 'Little John'	Callistemon 'Little John'	140mm	X			X							X	X	
	Pinnacles	Syzygiun 'Pinnacles'	140mm	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X			
<b>Shrubs</b>	Gynea Lily	Doryanthes excelsa	140mm	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
	Native Rosemary	Westringia zena	140mm	X	X				X	X		X				
	Cushion Bush	Leucophyta brownii	140mm	X					X		X			X		
	Leaf Flower	Phyllanthus minutiflora	140mm	X	X		X			X	X					
	Miss Muffet	Pittosporum tobira	140mm		X		X			X	X		X			
<b>Ground Covers</b>	Tussock Grass	Poa labillardierei	140mm	X	X						X		X	X		
	Yellow Buttons	Chrysocephalum apiculatum	140mm	X	X				X				X	X	X	X
	Spider Lily	Hymenocallis littoralis	140mm	X	X				X		X			X		
	Wild Iris	Dietes Grandiflora	140mm	X			X	X			X		X	X		
	Native Voilet	Viola hederacea	140mm		X	X					X	X	X	X	X	

## PLANT SPECIES INFORMATION: TROPICAL

	PLANT SPECIES		MIN. SUPPLY SIZE	LIGHT REQUIREMENTS			WILDLIFE ATTRACTING			MAINTENANCE TIPS & WATER REQUIREMENTS			FLOWERS			
	Common Name	Scientific Name		Full Sun	Part Sun	Full Shade	Birds	Butterfly	Bees/Insects	Prune for Hedge	Drought Tolerant	Moist Soil – Well Mulched	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Winter
<b>Feature Trees</b>	Evergreen Frangapani	Plumeria obtusa	45L	X	X		X		X		X		X	X		
	Macarthur Palm	Ptychosperma macarthurii	45L	X	X		X									
	Dragon Tree	Dracaena draco	45L	X	X					X						
	Cottonwood Hibiscus	Hibiscus tiliaceus 'rubra'	45L	X	X		X		X		X		X			
	Native Gardenia	Atractocarpus fitzalanii	45L	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X			
<b>Tall Shrubs</b>	Red Cordyline	Cordyline rubra	140mm	X	X		X	X			X		X	X		
	Lady Finger Palm	Rhapis excelsa	300mm		X	X										
	Mauritius Hemp	Furcraea foetida 'Veriegata'	140mm	X	X						X	X				
	Summerscent	Radermachera 'Summerscent'	300mm	X	X		X	X	X	X	X			X		
	Sago Palm	Cycas revoluta	300mm		X	X					X					
<b>Shrubs</b>	Xanadu	Philodendron 'Xanadu'	140mm	X	X		X					X				
	Cordyline 'Pink Diamond'	Cordyline fruticosa 'Pink Diamond'	140mm	X	X		X	X			X		X	X		
	Bird of Paradise	Strelitzia reginae	140mm	X							X		X	X	X	X
	White Empress	Alcantarea extensa	140mm	X	X						X	X		X		
	Cardboard Palm	Zamia furfuracea	140mm	X	X						X					
<b>Ground Covers</b>	Spider Lily	Hymenocallis littoralis	140mm	X	X				X		X			X		
	Kangaroo Vine	Cissus antarctica	140mm		X	X						X	X			
	Dew Plant	Aptenia cordifolia	140mm	X			X		X		X		X	X	X	
	African Lily	Agapanthus africanus	140mm		X	X	X		X			X	X	X		
	Guinea Flower	Hibbertia scandens	140mm	X	X				X				X	X		

## PLANT SPECIES INFORMATION: TRADITIONAL

	PLANT SPECIES		MIN. SUPPLY SIZE	LIGHT REQUIREMENTS			WILDLIFE ATTRACTING			MAINTENANCE TIPS & WATER REQUIREMENTS			FLOWERS			
	Common Name	Scientific Name		Full Sun	Part Sun	Full Shade	Birds	Butterfly	Bees/Insects	Prune for Hedge	DroughtTolerant	Moist Soil – Well Mulched	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Winter
<b>Feature Trees</b>	Native Gardenia	Atractocarpus fitzalanii	45L	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X			
	Magnolia 'Teddy Bear'	Magnolia 'Teddy Bear'	45L		X					X		X	X			
	Pink Trumpet Tree	Tabebuia palmeri	45L	X			X					X	X			
	Rosary Tree	Melia azedarach	45L	X												
	Olive	Olea europa	45L	X							X					
<b>Tall Shrubs</b>	Red Robin	Photinia 'Red Robin'	140mm	X	X		X		X	X	X	X				
	Summerscent	Radermachera 'Summerscent'	300mm	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X			
	Sweet Viburnum	Viburnum Odoratissimum	140mm	X	X				X	X		X				
	Laurustinus	Viburnum Tinus	140mm	X	X				X	X		X				
	Lilly Pilly Resilience	Syzygium 'Resilience'	140mm	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X				
<b>Shrubs</b>	Miss Muffet	Pittosporum tonira 'Miss Muffet'	140mm		X		X			X	X		X			
	New Zealand Christmas Bush	Metrosideros thomasii	140mm	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
	Port Wine Magnolia	Michelia figo	45L	X	X					X	X	X		X		
	Cape Jasmine	Gardenia radicans	140mm	X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X		
	Dwarf Indian Hawthorn	Rhaphiolepis 'Oriental Pearl'	140mm	X					X	X	X		X		X	X
<b>Ground Covers</b>	Treasure Flower	Gazania rigens	140mm	X			X	X	X		X		X	X		
	Fan Flower	Scaevola aemula	140mm	X	X			X					X	X	X	X
	Star Jasmine	Trachelospermum jasminoides	140mm	X	X			X	X		X		X	X		
	Chinese Wisteria	Wisteria senensis	140mm	X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X		
	Creeping Fg	Ficus pumila	140mm	X												

# Annexure E

Retaining Wall  
Fact Sheet & WRB  
Retaining Wall  
Warranty



# Everleigh

## Retaining Wall Fact Sheet



Land lots are typically made level to assist with construction and reduce owner costs. This often results in level changes between lots that require retaining walls. These retaining walls, where possible, are located:

- on the common boundary between lots or
- Within the residential lot but as close to any external boundaries as possible.

Each lot owner is responsible for the maintenance of retaining walls on their property. Where a retaining wall is located on a shared boundary, the maintenance obligations are shared between the adjoining lot owners.

### Obligations

Each owner, their tenants, and their builder, has a responsibility to look after the wall, both through construction and overtime.

It is important that each owner understands their obligations and makes their builder similarly aware.

### Drainage obligations

- Water is to be directed away from the retaining wall.
- Water is not permitted to pond within the zone of influence above or below the wall.
- The owner must not direct surface water to their neighbour's property.

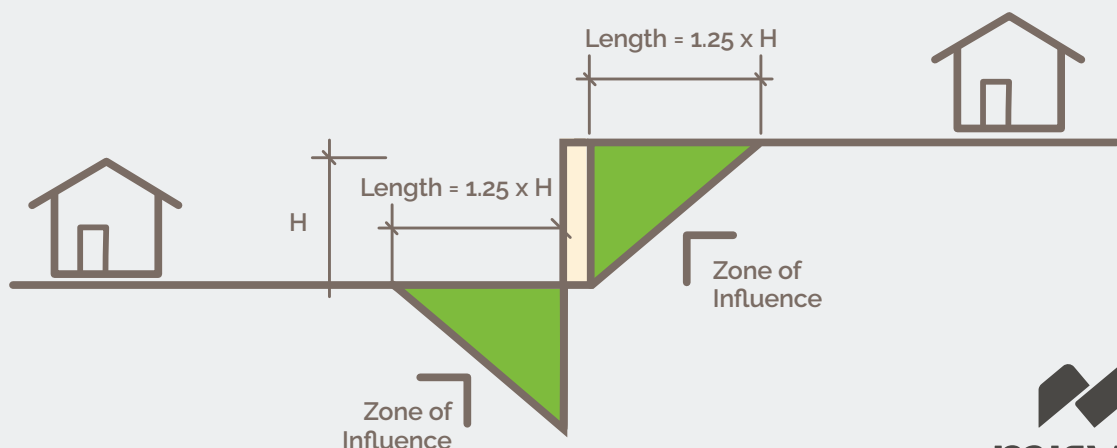
### Structural Obligations

- No open excavations, alterations or modifications are permitted within the zone of influence without Engineering assessment. Refer to sketch for definition of 'zone of influence'.

- No structures or trees are to be installed within the zone of influence without Engineering assessment.
- Any site works within any individual allotment must not disrupt the wall drainage.
- No machinery is to be used above the retaining wall where it would result in a load more than 5kPa as this may cause deformation of the wall components.
- The wall height is not to be raised by any method, including bolting on, or constructing an additional retaining wall above, without obtaining an engineering assessment of the effects on the wall.

### Zone of Influence

- The area either side of any retaining wall is called the zone of influence. Any works (e.g. bobcat or other machinery), building (e.g. pool or shed) or loading (e.g. Caravan, palletes of bricks) in this area has the potential to impact the structural performance of each wall.
- \* The following information is provided as a general guide. You should consult with a suitably qualified engineer to confirm the actual extent of the zone of influence.  
If the wall height (H) is 1.6m then:
  - For the Lower Lot the Zone of Influence extends from the base of the wall for  $H \times 1.25$  or  $1.6m \times 1.25 = 2m$
  - For the Upper Lot the Zone of Influence extends from the base of the wall for  $H \times 1.25$  or  $1.6m \times 1.25 = 2m$



### Key Wall Design Items

All retaining walls installed by Mirvac have been designed to withstand wind loading from a 1.8m high boundary fence placed on fencing brackets provided.

### Wall Construction Expectations

Retaining walls are installed within the following tolerances. A wall installed outside of these tolerances may not necessarily impact on the structural performance of the wall. However, if you identify any walls that are outside of these tolerances, please raise with WRB.

### Slope Tolerances

The wall is designed with a lean back of 1:25 (4%) but may vary between 1:50 (2% forward) and 1:20 (5% backward).

### Panel Tolerances

Gaps between concrete sleepers, differences in levels are not unexpected. These items are generally within construction tolerances (up to 50mm) and do not have impact on the structural integrity of the wall.

### Wall Drainage

The owner may experience water coming through or ponding at the base of the wall. This is not unexpected and will typically be resolved when the landscaping and roof water drainage has been installed by both the owner and neighbours.

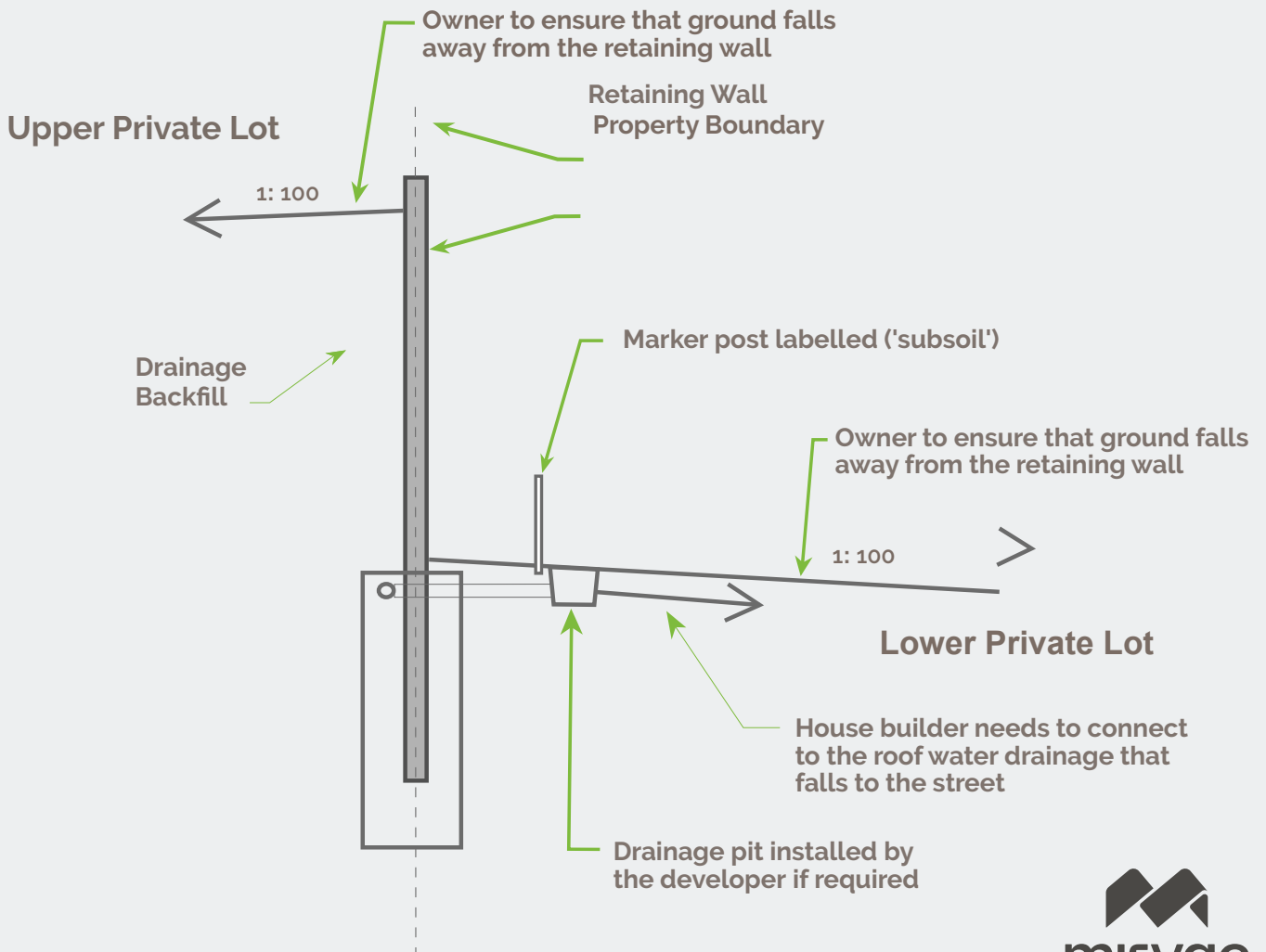
However, if you are still experiencing wet ground around your retaining wall after above landscaping and roof water drainage works are complete by both yourselves and your neighbour please contact WRB.

While water is unlikely to affect the structural integrity of the wall in the short to medium term, the owner should resolve the issues as outlined above.

Please note that your builder and landscaper have a responsibility to minimise drainage issues on your site and is with the knowledge and capability of any competent contractor.

### Warranty

Retaining walls in Everleigh are covered by a 15 year warranty period, but must be registered with WRB within 3 months of settlement. Instructions for registration of your warranty can be found on the Building at Everleigh portal under Lot Details/ your Precinct/ your lot/ Technical Documents.



# Annexure F

The Poppy Release  
Home Design Guide  
Lots 5327, 5337-5342,  
5348, 5354, 5217,  
5233 & 5318

# Everleigh

## The Poppy Release

Home Design Guide

Lots 5327, 5337-5342, 5348, 5354, 5217, 5233 & 5318



At Everleigh we focus on delivering quality homes that make the community a highly desirable place to live - that's the Mirvac difference. The Residential Design Standards and Guidelines assist you and your builder to construct well designed homes to ensure the community has a cohesive, harmonious and attractive streetscape. Below is an overview of the key design requirements and specifications for lots 5327, 5337-5342, 5348, 5354, 5217, 5233, 5318.

### HOUSE DESIGN

The residential character of your home must be of a contemporary, coastal architectural design including but not limited to the below specifications:

- A mix of 3 variations of colour and materials (excluding windows, doors and garage door) to all public & open space facades
- Entry Door must be 1200mm wide at minimum with 20% glazing (no side lights)
- Ground floor ceiling heights must be minimum 2550mm
- Full render to brick work and/or feature cladding
- No hexagonal/diamond grill security screens
- Services must be screened from public/open space view
- TV aerials must not be visible from the street

### LANDSCAPING DESIGN

High quality landscaping softens the facade of your home and forms an integral part of the streetscape.

- Two 1.8m / 100L advanced trees established at time of planting
- 50% garden bed coverage with appropriate planting density
- Retaining walls must be constructed from stone, masonry, concrete or steel -no timber
- Fence visible to the street must be Type 2A or 2B (no pine fence to be visible) Letterboxes must be a modern, contemporary aesthetic constructed from rendered masonry or similar.

Disclaimer: Please note that the items listed above are extracts from the residential Design Standards and Guidelines, designed to give you a high level understanding of the additional covenant requirements for lots 5327, 5337-5342, 5348, 5354, 5217, 5233 and 5318 in the 7.1. Please refer to the full residential Design Standards and Guidelines for a detailed description of the covenant requirements.

### FAÇADE EXAMPLES



THE CAULFIELD - MADRID FAÇADE



THE ASPEN - FORESHORE FAÇADE



THE SORRENTO - HAMPTONS FAÇADE



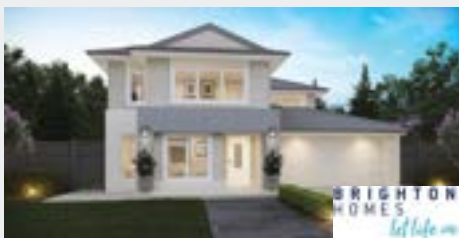
THE ARDANA 270 - SKILLION FAÇADE



THE BURDEKIN - HAMPTONS FAÇADE



THE MANDALAY - RESORT FAÇADE



THE JOY - HAMPTON FAÇADE



THE NEVDA - HAMPTON FAÇADE



THE HUDSON - KINGSLEY FAÇADE



MAJESTIC - CONTEMPORARY FAÇADE



THE MONASH - HAMPTONS FAÇADE



THE BAYVILLE - 49A FAÇADE

Call **07 3859 5960** or visit  
**everleigh.mirvac.com**

Version 1, April 2026



# Everleigh

Residential Design  
Standards and Guidelines  
Precinct 7.1

## REVISIONS SCHEDULE

REVISION	DATE	CHANGES MADE
1	01.04.2026	
2	23.04.2026	Poppy Release